

# ECE 615 - Lecture 23

Note Title

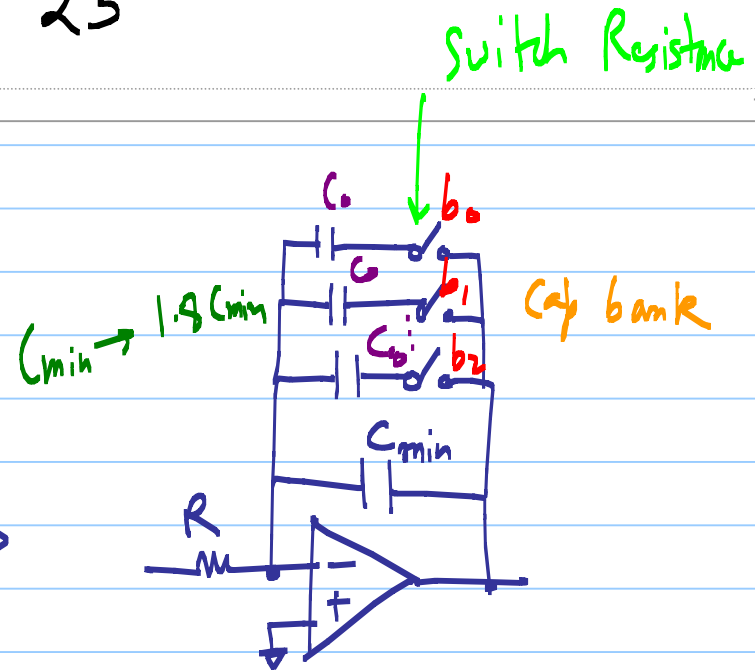
11/21/2013

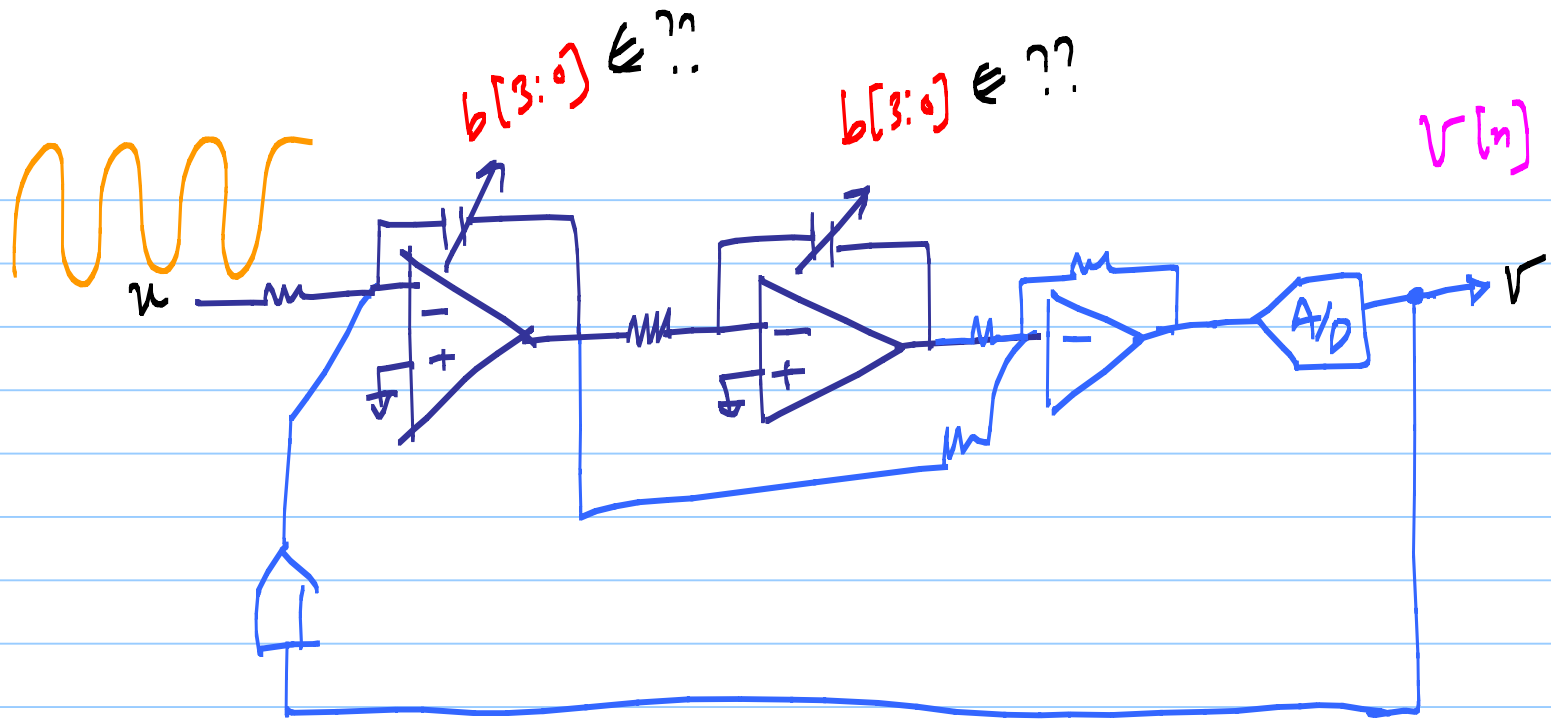
\* RC time constant variations:

R-tuning

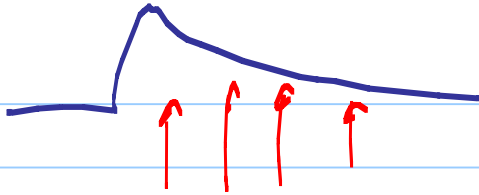
C-tuning

RC-tuning





$\Omega$



$$\Delta v = v[n] - v[n-1]$$

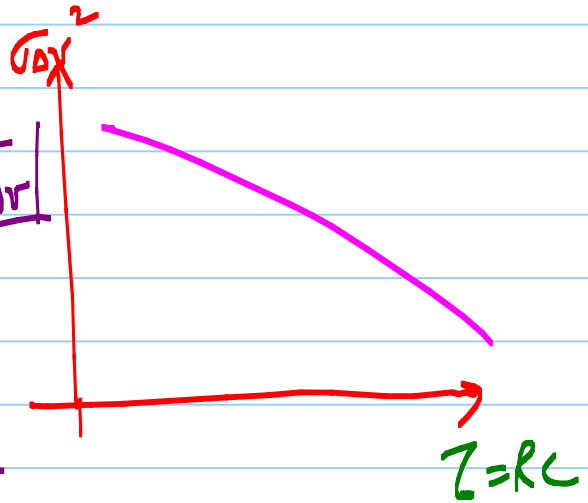


$$\sigma_{\Delta v}^2$$



$$\frac{\sum_{n=1}^N (\Delta v[n] - \mu_{\Delta v})^2}{N}$$

$$\frac{\sum |\sigma_{\Delta v}|}{N}$$



DT- $\Delta\Sigma$

CT- $\Delta\Sigma$

\*  $R_i = \frac{C_I}{C_F} \leftarrow 0.1\%$

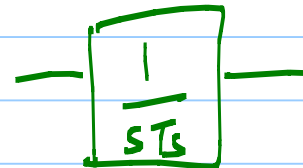
$\frac{1}{RC} \leftarrow \pm 40\%$

$\frac{g_m}{C}$

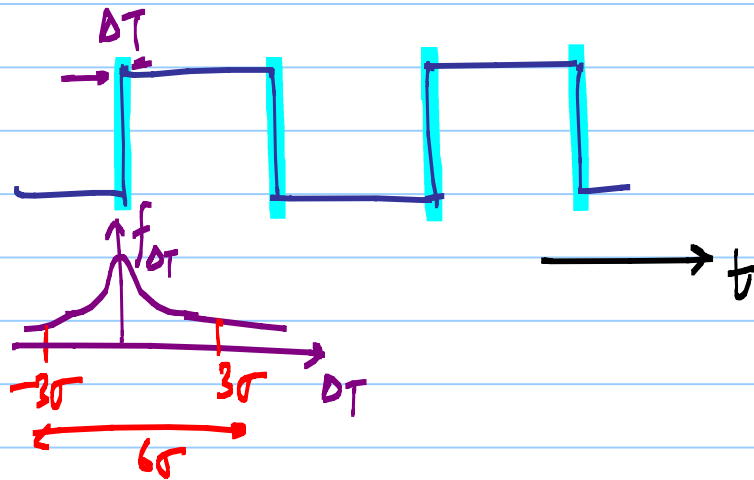
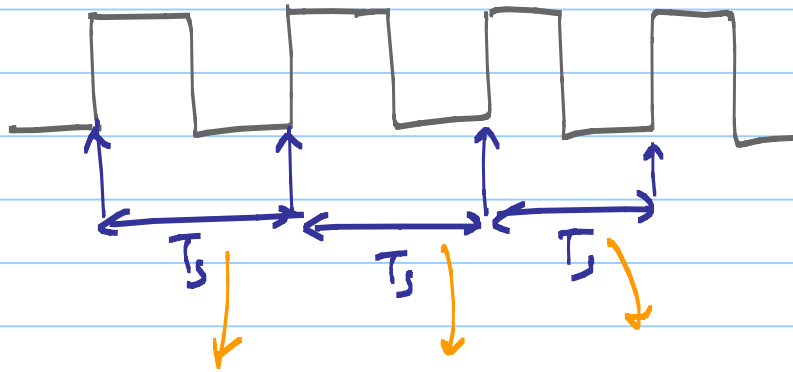
"Clock frequency scaling"

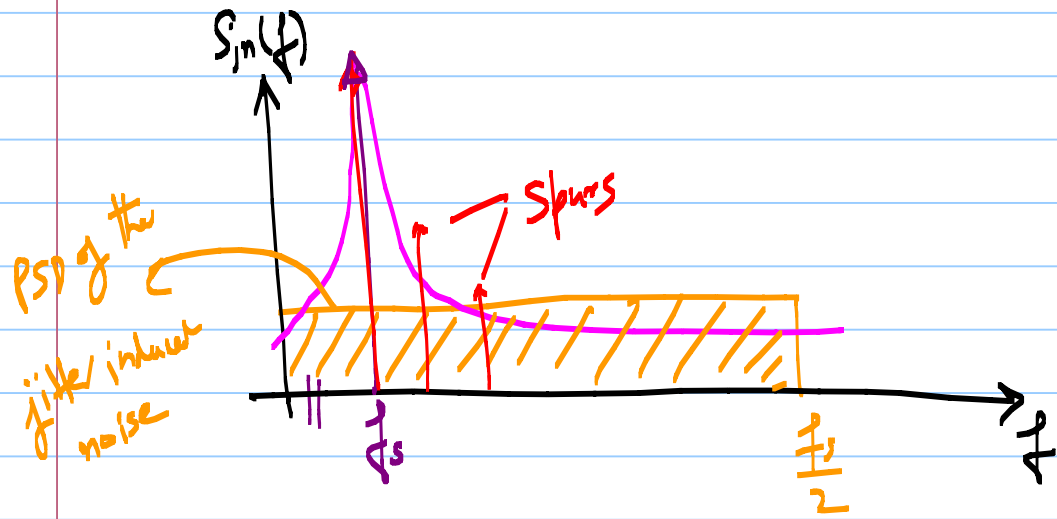
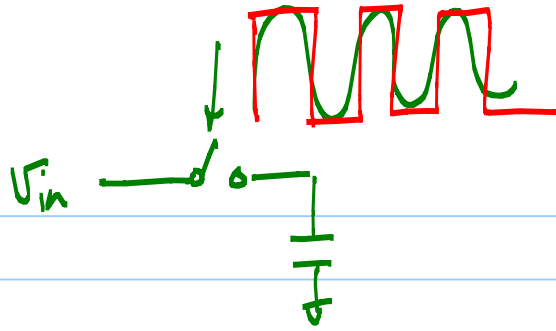
\*  $f_s = 100\text{MHz} \Rightarrow 150\text{MHz}$

$f_s$

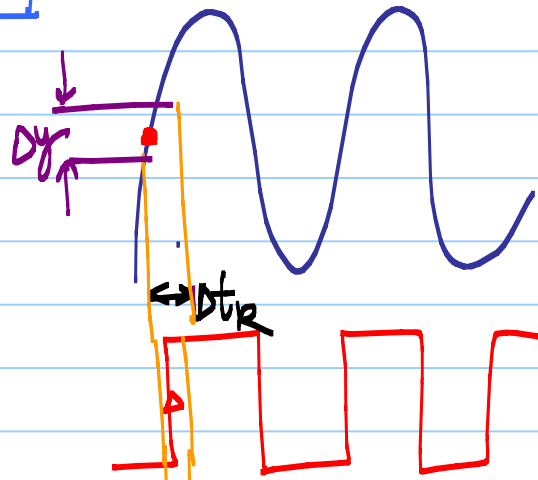
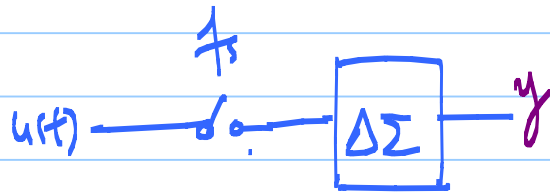


# Clock Jitter





DT  $\Delta\Sigma$



← unvertauschlich in Sampling time

$$u = A \sin(\omega t)$$

$$\frac{du}{dt} = A \omega \cos(\omega t) \Rightarrow \left| \frac{du}{dt} \right| \leq A \omega$$

jittery sampler input =  $u(kT_s + \Delta t_k)$

$$\approx \underline{u(kT_s)} + \Delta t_k \cdot \left. \frac{du}{dt} \right|_{t=kT_s}$$

Sampled input

error due to jitter



$$\text{m.s. value of the error due to jitter} = E \left[ \left\{ \Delta t_k \cdot A \omega_{in} \cos(\omega_{in} t) \right\}_{kT_s}^2 \right]$$

$$= E[\Delta t_k^2] \cdot E[A^2 \omega_{in}^2 \cos^2(\omega_{in} t)]$$

$$= E[\Delta t_k^2] \cdot \frac{A^2 \omega_{in}^2}{2}$$

$$P_j = \sigma_j^2 \cdot \frac{A^2 \omega_{in}^2}{2}$$

$$\text{Jitter limited SNR} = \text{SNR}_j = \frac{A^2/2}{\sigma_j^2 \cdot \frac{A^2}{2} \cdot \omega_{in}^2} = \frac{1}{\sigma_j^2 \omega_{in}^2}$$

$$\boxed{\text{SNR}_j = -20 \log_{10} (2\pi f \sigma_j)} \quad \text{dB}$$

