

ECE 614 - Lecture 20

Note Title

10/30/2014

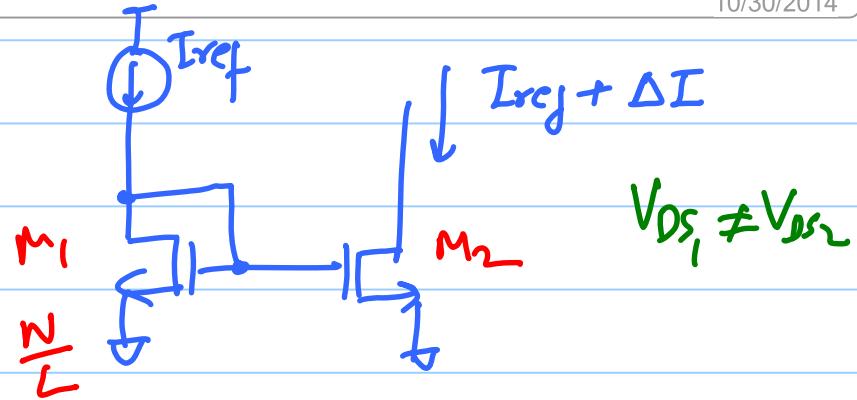
Mismatch:

①

$\Delta W, \Delta L$



\times photolitho
induced geometric
variation

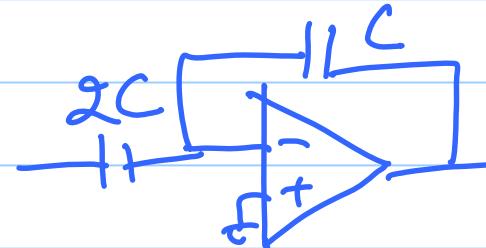
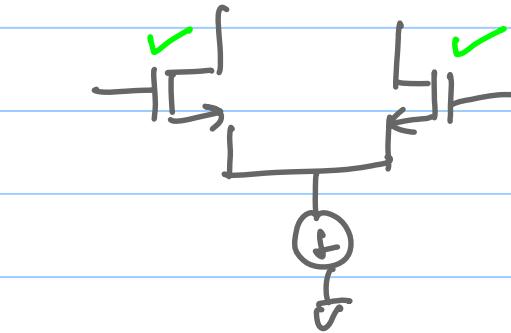


②

ΔV_{THN}

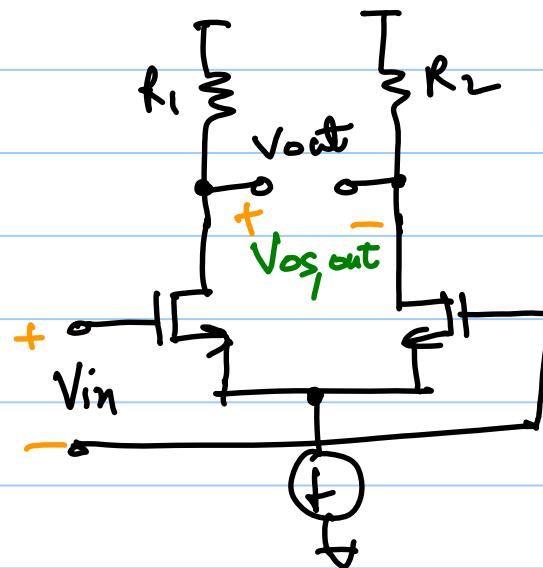
doping levels
box variation

process gradient



Mismatch leads to \Rightarrow DC offsets ✓
 ↳ finite even-order distortion in FD circuits
 ↳ lower CM rejection

DC offsets:

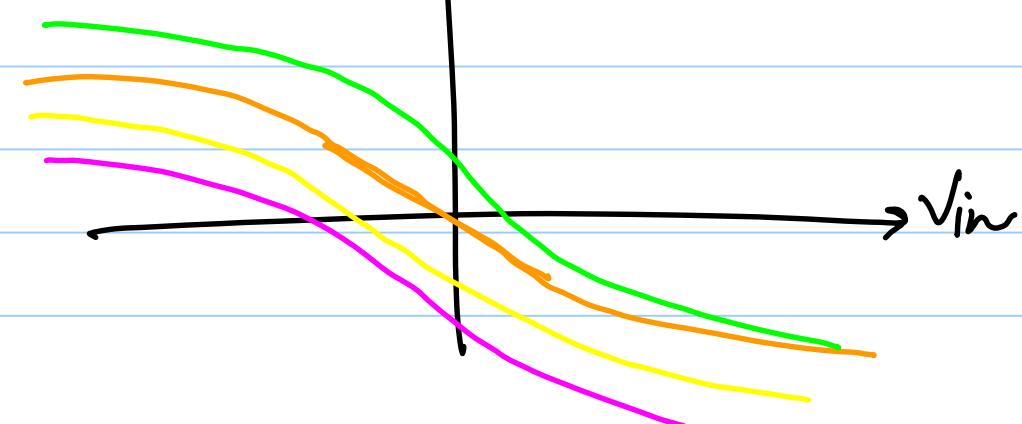


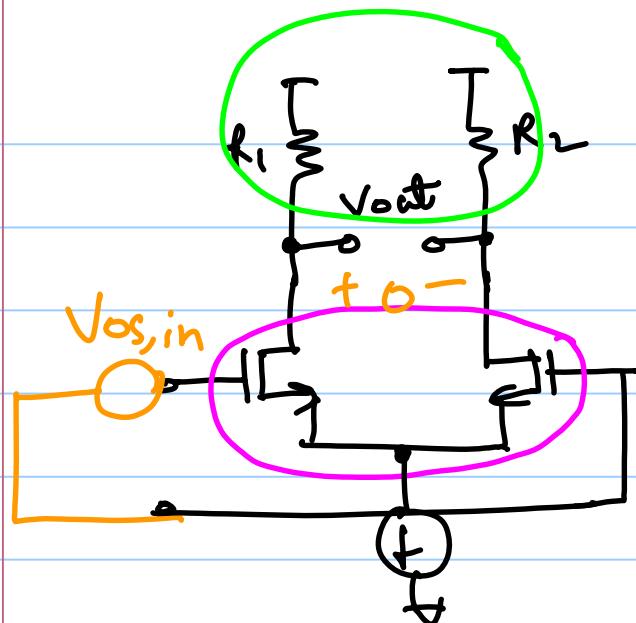
Ideally
 $V_{in} = 0$,
 $V_{out} = 0$

with mismatch

$$V_{out} = V_{os, out}$$

random
but fixed
quantity





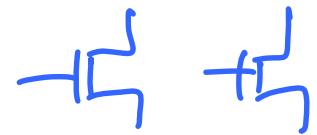
↳ It is more meaningful to specify
the input-referred offset
voltage

$$|V_{os,in}| = \frac{|V_{os,out}|}{A}$$

↑ input that forces the
output to zero

$V_{os,in} \Rightarrow$ random
zero mean
 $\sqrt{V_{os}}$

Pelgrom's paper

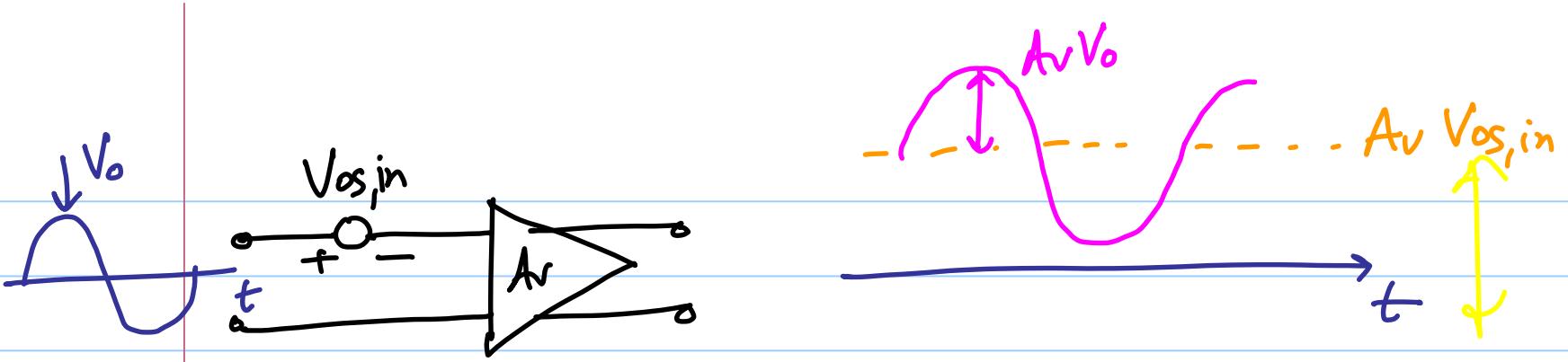


$$\sqrt{\Delta V_{THN}} = \frac{A_{VTHN}}{\sqrt{WL}}$$

\sqrt{WL} Area

$$\sqrt{\Delta (\mu_n C_{ox} \frac{W}{L})} = \frac{A_k}{\sqrt{WL}}$$

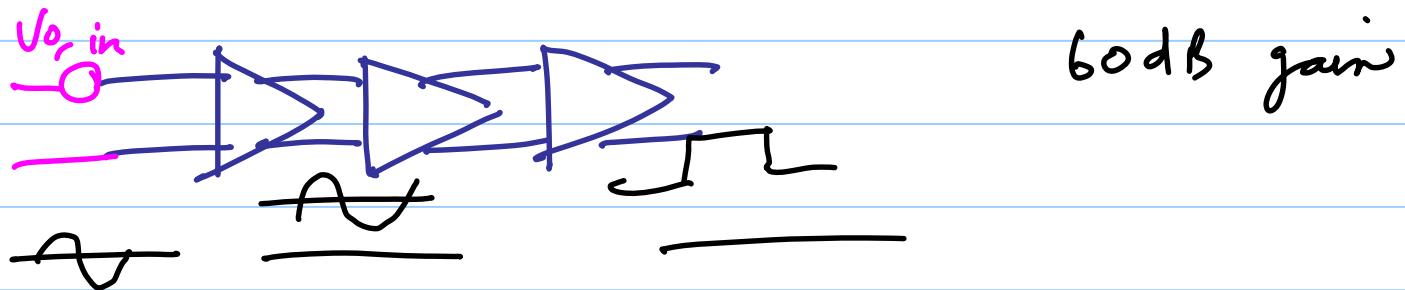
more mismatch as $W, L \downarrow$



* Output contains amplified $V_{os,in}$

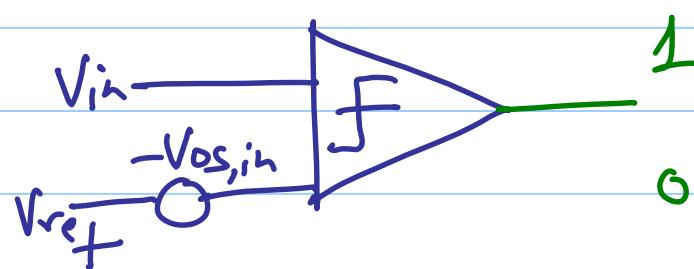
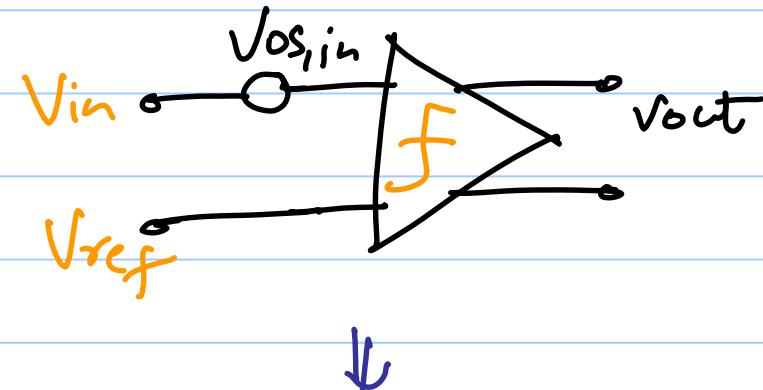
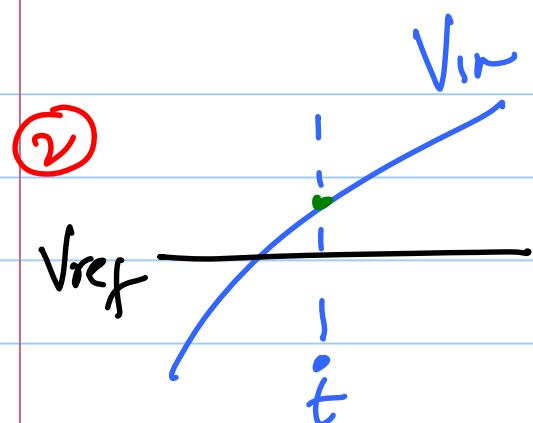
(1)

Direct coupled amplifier stages



The offset can saturate the later stages

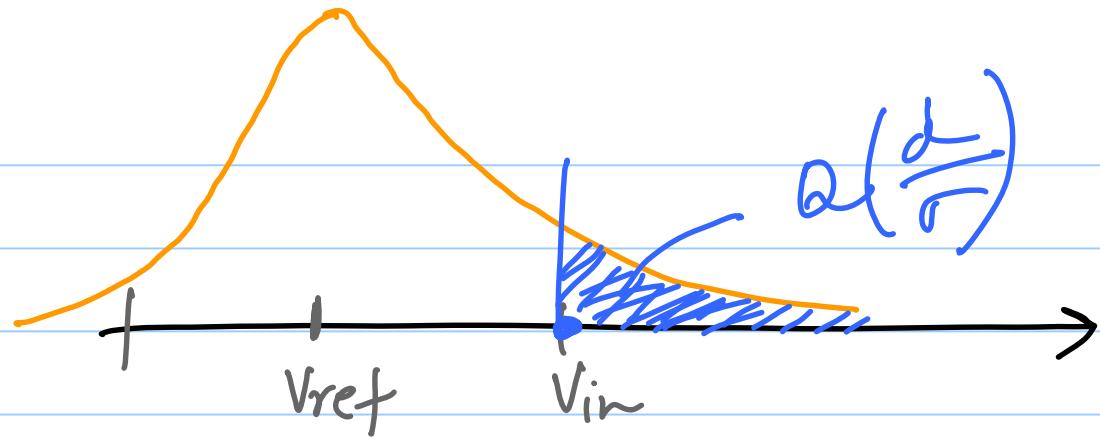
⇒ need to cancel offset

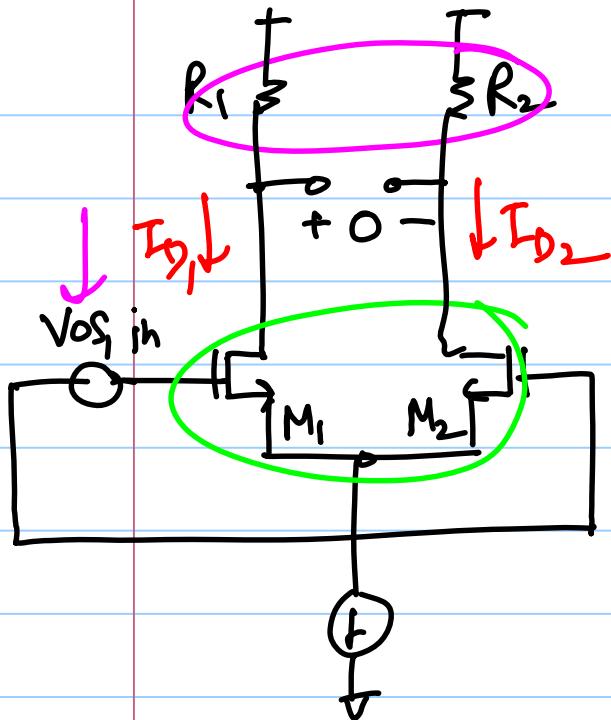


Comparator will make errors

$$\begin{aligned} f_E &= Q \left(\frac{d}{dt} \right) \\ &= Q \left(\frac{|V_{in} - V_{ref}|}{T_{Vos}} \right) \end{aligned}$$







$$V_{THN_1} = \sqrt{I_D R_s}$$

$$\left(\frac{w}{l}\right)_1 = \frac{w}{l}$$

$$R_s = R_D$$

$$V_{THN_2} = V_{THN} + \Delta V_{THN}$$

$$\left(\frac{w}{l}\right)_2 = \frac{w}{l} + \Delta\left(\frac{w}{l}\right)$$

$$R_s = R_D + \Delta R$$

for $V_{out} = 0 \Rightarrow I_{D1} R_s = I_{D2} R_s$

We know, $I_{D1} \neq I_{D2}$

Let $I_{D1} = I_D \text{ & } I_{D2} = I_D + \Delta I_D$

$\boxed{\Delta = \gamma = 0}$

$$V_{os,in} = V_{gs_1} - V_{gs_2}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{2 I_{D1}}{\mu_n C_o x \left(\frac{w}{l}\right)_1}} + \sqrt{I_{D2}} - \sqrt{\frac{2 I_{D2}}{\mu_n C_o x \left(\frac{w}{l}\right)_2}} - \sqrt{I_{D1}}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{2I_D}{\mu_{n,ox} w/L}} \left[1 - \sqrt{\frac{1 + \frac{\Delta I_D}{I_D}}{1 + \frac{\Delta(w/L)}{(w/L)}}} \right] - \Delta V_{THN}$$

$$\sqrt{1+\epsilon} \approx 1 + \frac{\epsilon}{2}$$

$$(\sqrt{1+\epsilon})^{-1} \approx 1 - \frac{\epsilon}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow V_{os,in} = \sqrt{\frac{2I_D}{\beta}} \left\{ 1 - \left(1 + \frac{\Delta I_D}{R_D} \right) \left[1 - \frac{\Delta(w/L)}{2(w/L)} \right] \right\} - \Delta V_{THN}$$

$$I_D, R_{D1} = I_{D2}, R_{D2} \quad \therefore V_{out} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\Delta I_D}{I_D} = - \frac{DR_D}{R_D}$$

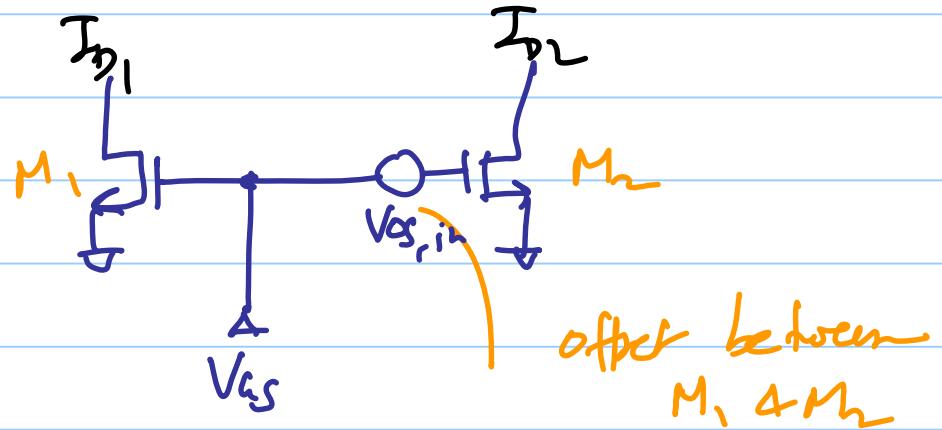
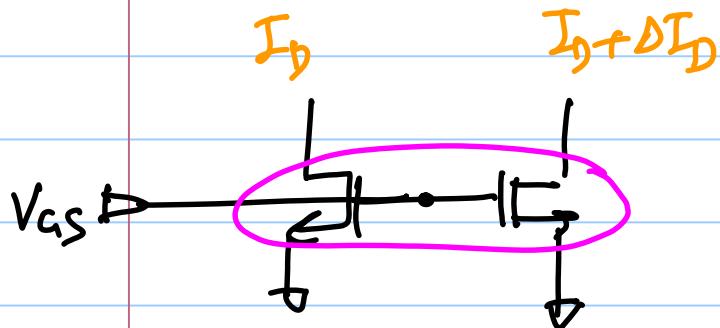
$$V_{os,in} = \frac{V_{ov}}{2} \left[\frac{\Delta R_D}{R_D} + \frac{\Delta(w/L)}{w/L} \right] - \Delta V_{THW}$$

sign is irrelevant

offset depends on device mismatches
& biasing condition $V_{ov} = V_{as} - V_{THW}$

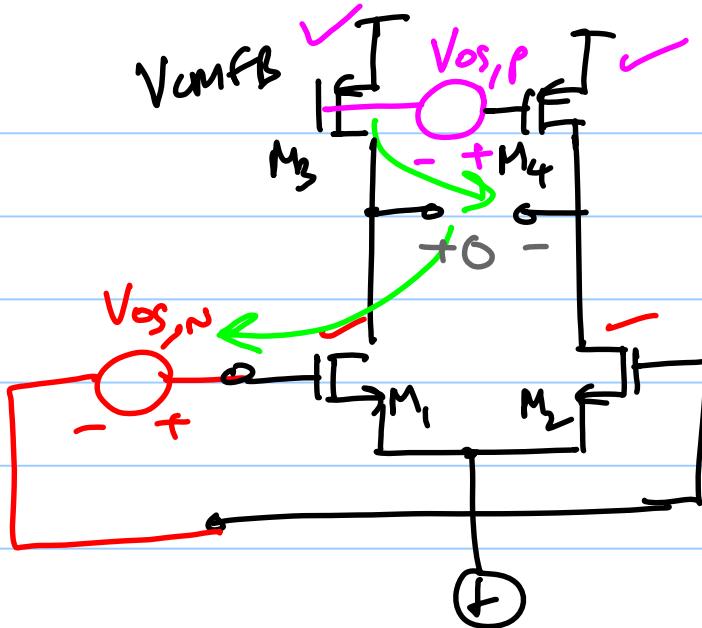
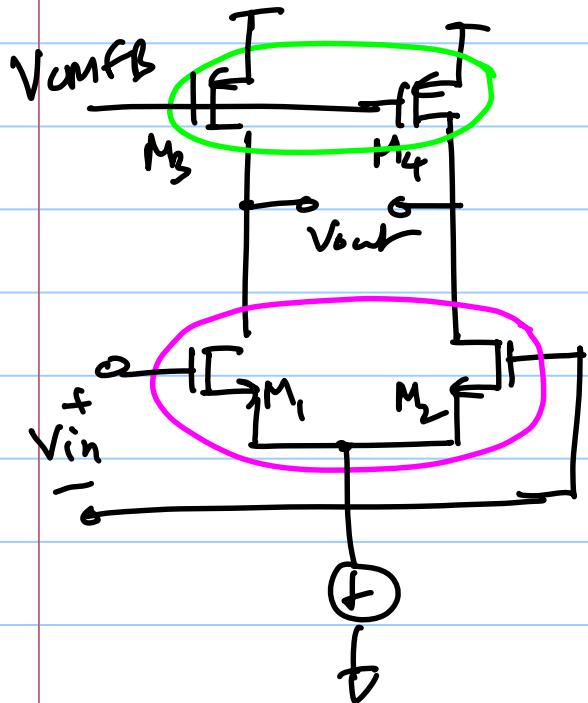
- ① ΔV_{THW} is directly referred to the input
- ② Contribution of ΔR_D & $\Delta(w/L)$ increases with V_{ov}

$$\sigma_{V_{os,in}}^2 = \left(\frac{V_{ov}}{2} \right)^2 \left[\underbrace{\frac{\sigma_{\Delta R_D}}{R_D^2}}_{\text{sensitivity}} + \underbrace{\frac{\sigma_{\Delta(w/L)}}{(w/L)^2}}_{\text{sensitivity}} \right] + \sigma_{\Delta V_{THW}}^2$$



$$\text{for } I_D = I_{D2}$$

$$V_{GS,in} = \frac{V_{OV}}{2} \left[\frac{\Delta(w/L)}{w/L} \right] + \Delta V_{TH,n}$$



$$\text{for } V_{\text{out}} = 0 \Rightarrow I_{D_1} = I_{D_2} \\ I_{D_3} = I_{D_4}$$

for a diff-pair with $I_{D_1} = I_{D_2}$

$$V_{os,n} = \frac{V_{os,n}}{2} \left[\frac{\Delta(w/L)}{w/L} \right]_n + \Delta V_{T+TW} \checkmark$$

$$V_{os,p} = \frac{V_{os,p}}{2} \left[\frac{\Delta(w/L)}{w/L} \right]_p + \Delta V_{T+TP}$$

from tricks used in noise analysis

$$V_{os,m} = V_{os,n} + V_{os,p} \cdot \left(\frac{g_{np}}{g_{nn}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{V_{os,m}} = \sqrt{V_{os,n} + \left(\frac{g_{np}}{g_{nn}} \right)^2 V_{os,p}}$$

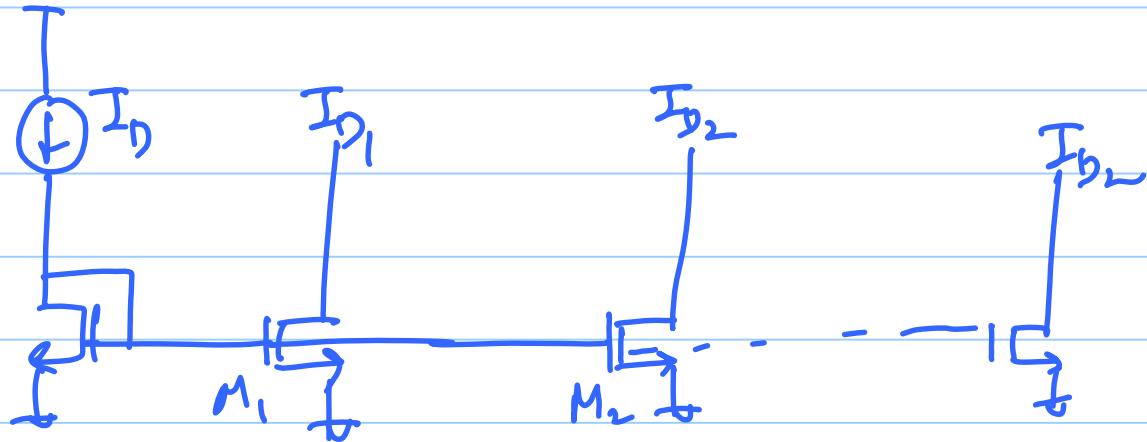
reduce by $WL \uparrow$
 $V_{os,f}$

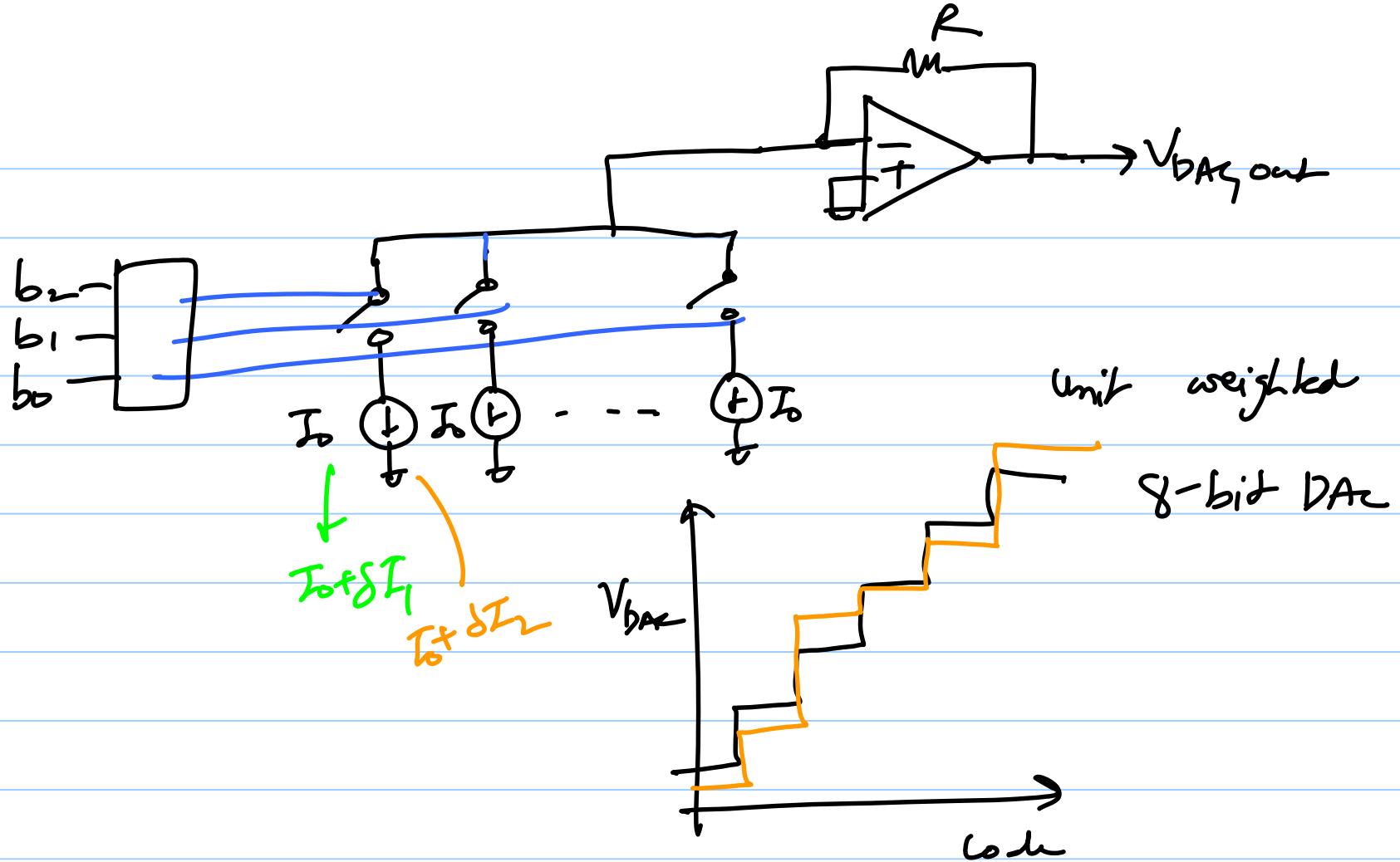
$\max g_{nn}$
 $\min g_{np}$

"Monte-Carlo Simulation"

ADE-XL

Current Sources :





current mismatch

$$\frac{\Delta I_D}{I_D} = \frac{\Delta(wL)}{wL} - \frac{2 \Delta V_{THN}}{(V_{GS} - V_{THN})}$$

+ minimize $\frac{\Delta I_D}{I_D}$, maximize V_{GS}
+ use large Area