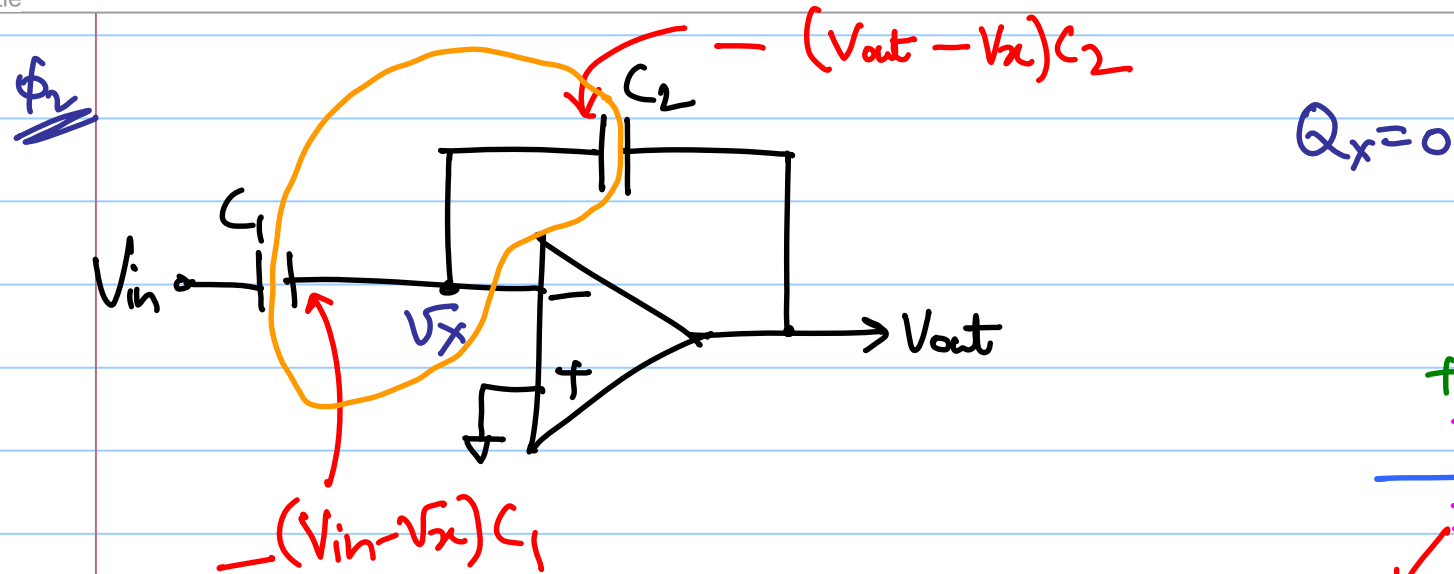


ECE 614 - Lecture 18

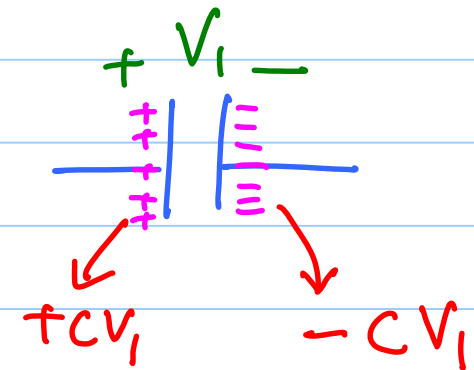
Note Title

10/23/2014



$$V_{out} = (0 - V_x)A_v$$

$$\Rightarrow V_x = -\frac{V_{out}}{A_v} \longrightarrow \textcircled{1}$$



$Q_x =$

$$0 = -(V_{in} - V_x)C_1 - (V_{out} - V_x)C_2 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow C_2 V_{out} = -C_1 V_{in} + (C_1 + C_2) V_x$$

$$\Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow V_{out} = -\frac{C_1}{C_2} V_{in} + \left(\frac{C_1 + C_2}{C_2} \right) V_x \longrightarrow \textcircled{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow V_{out} = -\frac{C_1}{C_2} V_{in} - \left(\frac{C_1 + C_2}{C_2} \right) \cdot \frac{V_{out}}{A_v}$$

$$\Rightarrow V_{out} = \frac{-C_1 V_{in}}{1 + \left(\frac{C_1 + C_2}{C_2} \right) \cdot \frac{1}{A_v}}$$

$$= -\frac{C_1}{C_2} \cdot V_{in} \cdot \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{A\beta}}$$

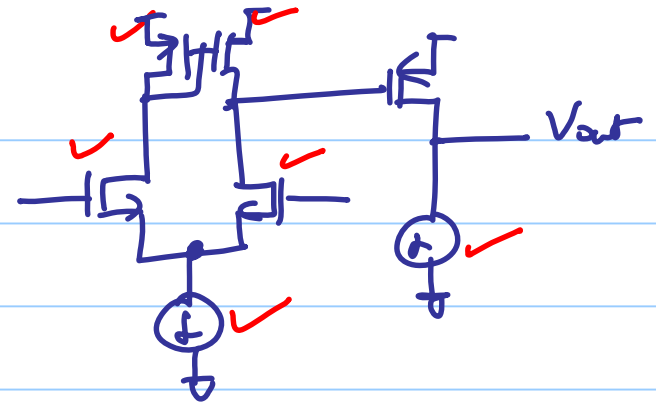
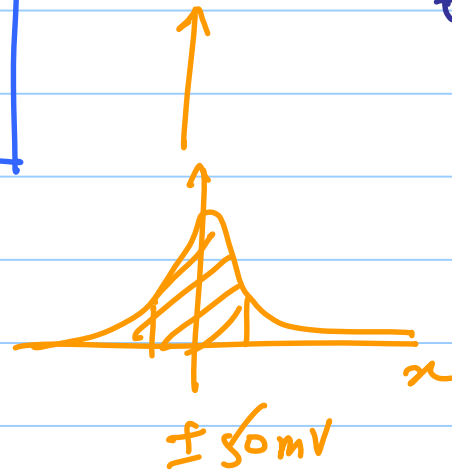
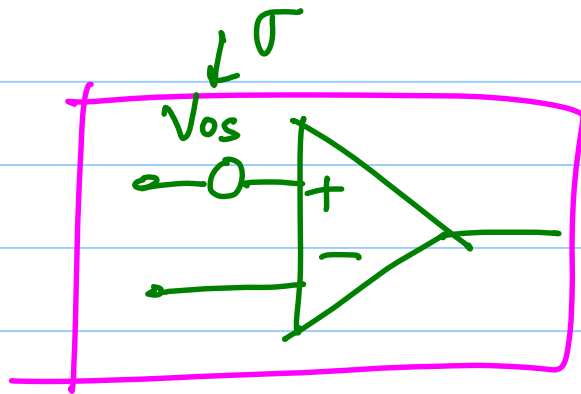
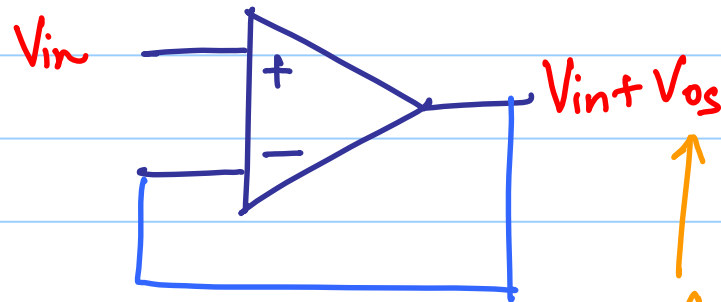
$$\beta = \frac{C_2}{C_1 + C_2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{\frac{V_{out}}{V_{in}} \simeq -\frac{C_1}{C_2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{A\beta} \right)}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & A\beta \gg 1 \\ \Rightarrow & A \gg 1 \\ \Rightarrow & V_x \Rightarrow 0 \end{aligned}$$

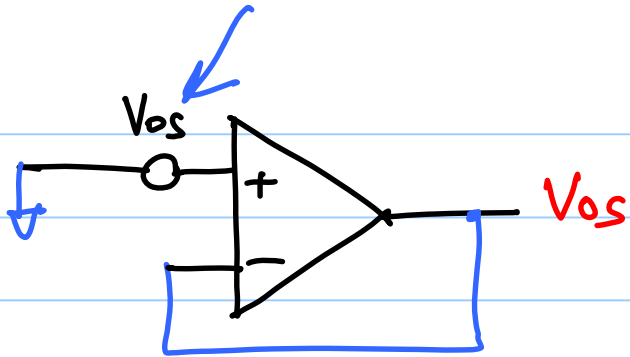
$$\text{for } A\beta \gg 1 \Rightarrow \frac{V_{out}}{V_{in}} = -\frac{C_1}{C_2}$$

Effect of offset.

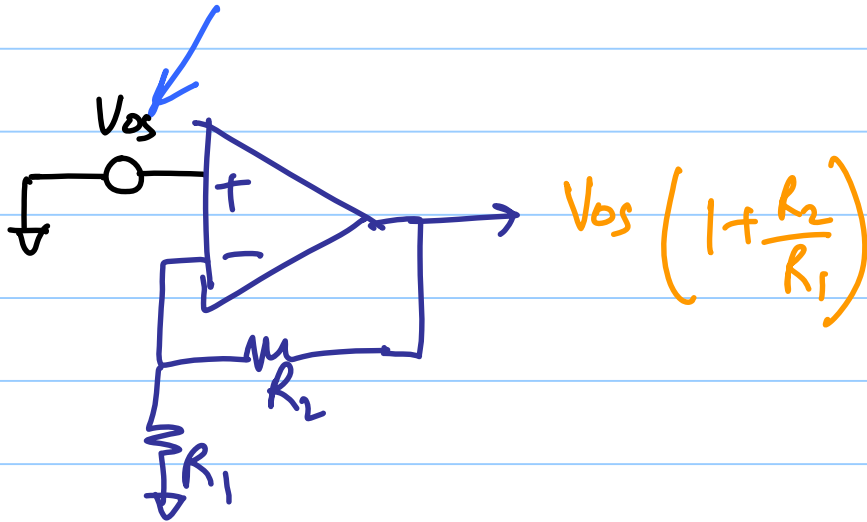


$$\Delta\left(\frac{W}{L}\right) \propto \frac{1}{\sqrt{WL}}$$

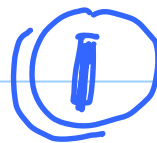
$$\Delta V_{THN}$$

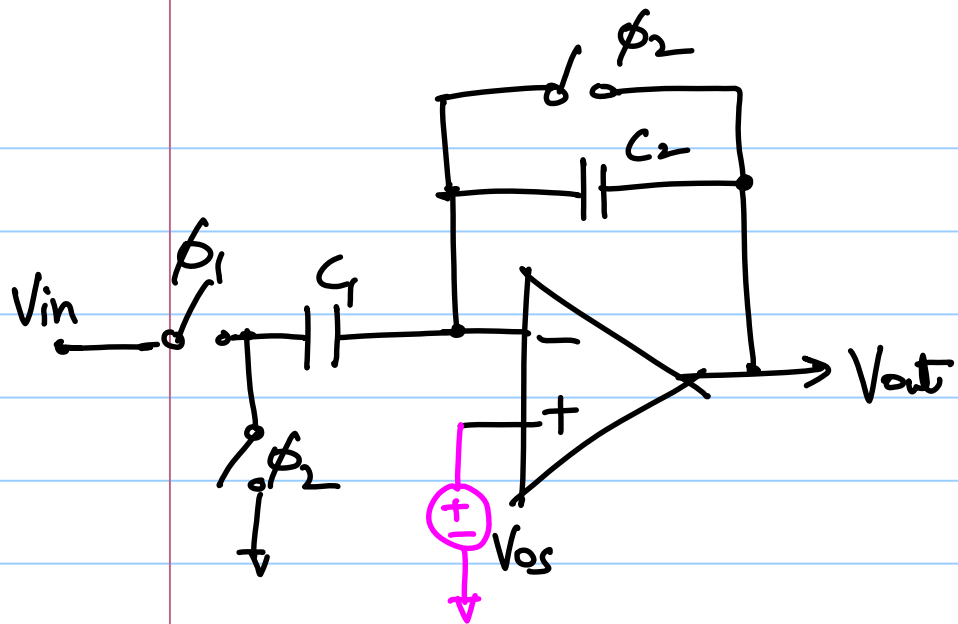


offset $\triangleq$ DC
noise

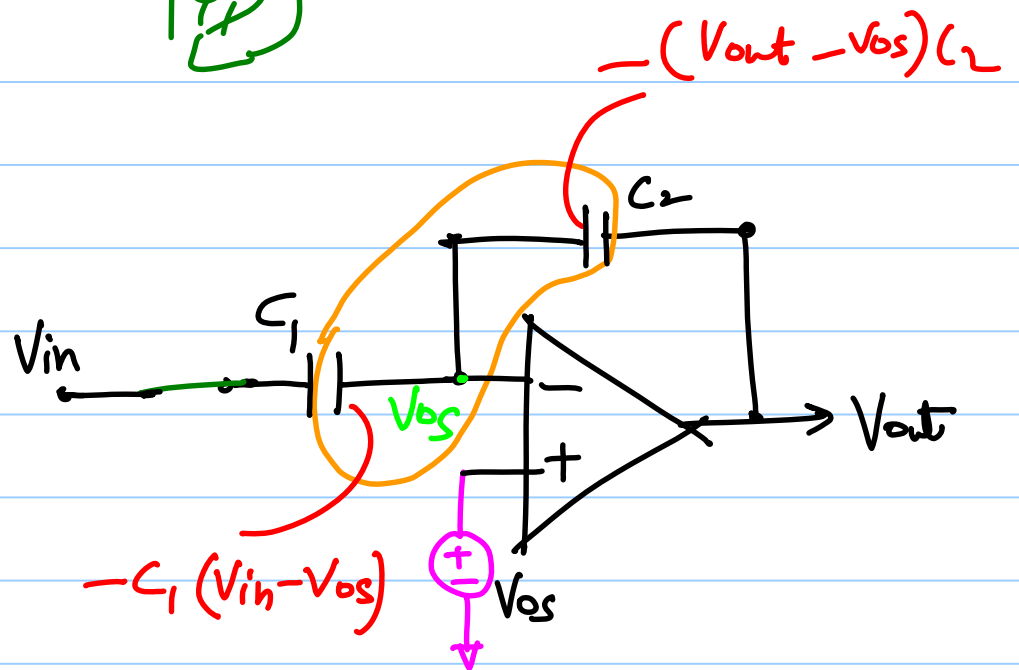
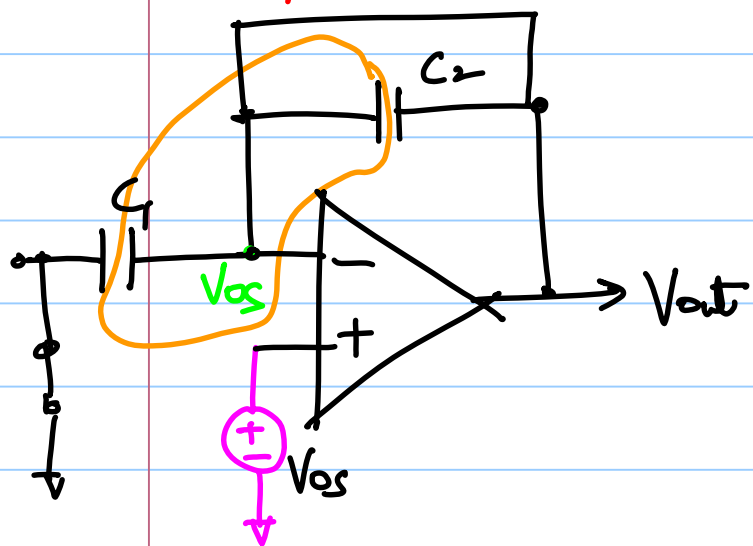


Input referred
offset





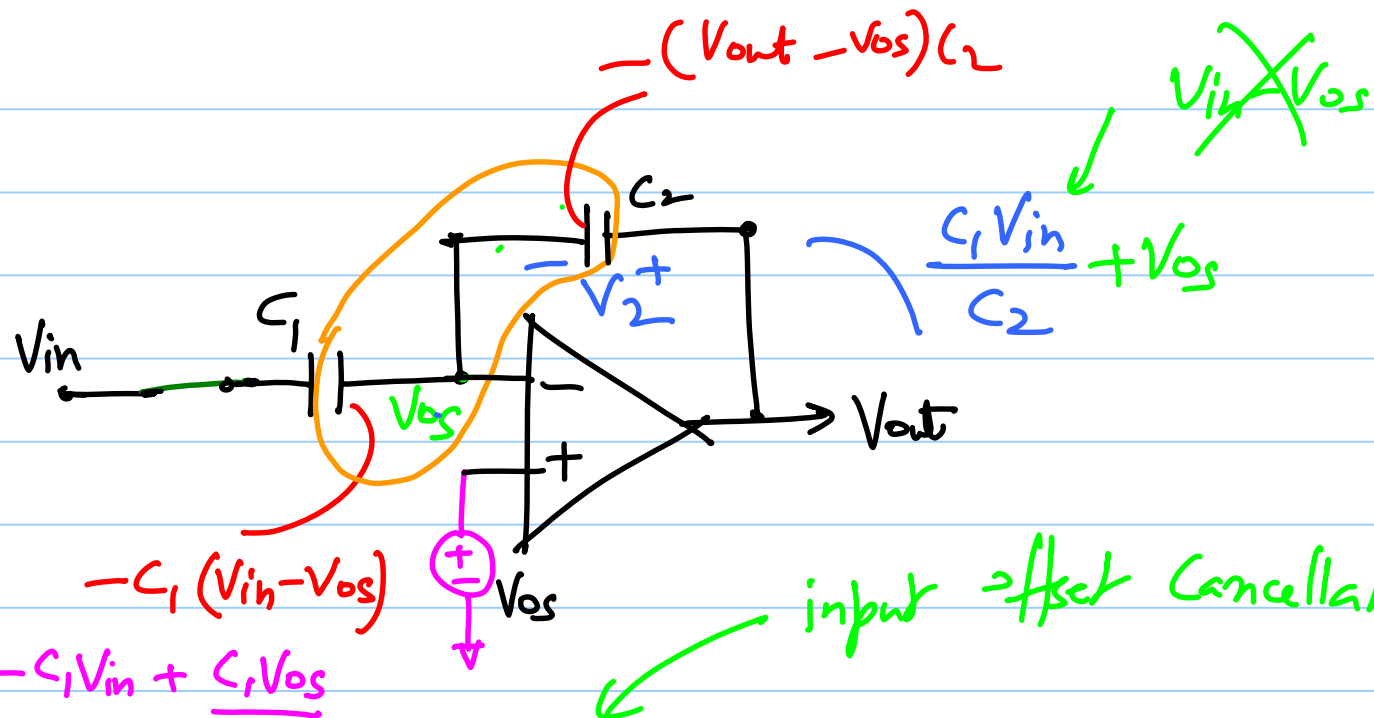
$$Q_1 = +C_1 V_{os}$$



$$-C_1 V_{in} + \cancel{C_1 V_{os}} - C_2 V_{out} + C_2 V_{os} = +\cancel{C_1 V_{os}}$$

$$V_{out} = -\frac{C_1}{C_2} V_{in} + V_{os}$$

unity-gain for offset instead of a gain in a
CT amplifier



* C_1 is charged to $V_{in} - V_{os}$ instead of V_{in}

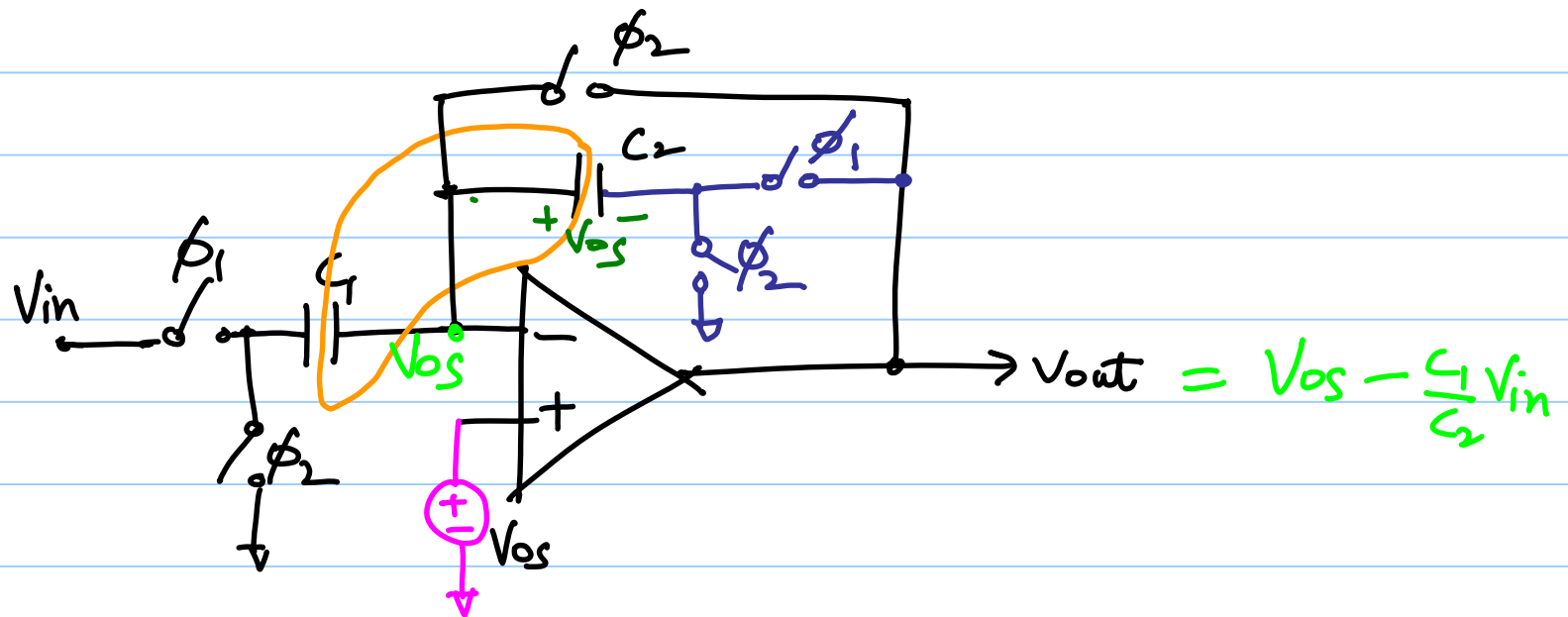
input offset cancellation

$\Rightarrow$ no offset in the voltage across C_2

$$\Rightarrow V_2 = \frac{C_1 V_{in}}{C_2}$$

$$\Rightarrow V_{out} = V_2 + V_{os} = \frac{C_1}{C_2} V_{in} + V_{os}$$

Correction of offset in C_2

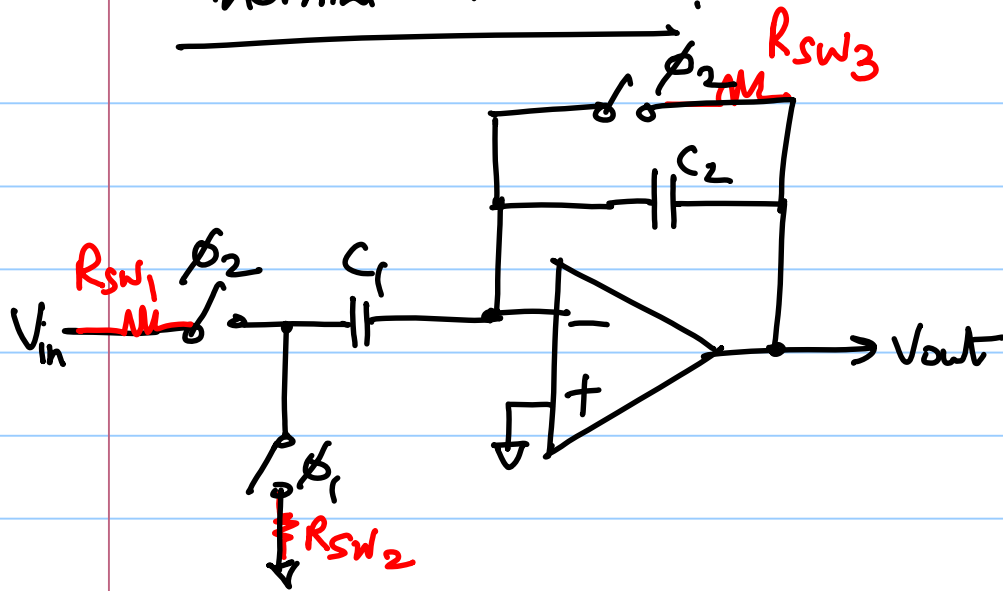


ϕ_2 : charge C_2 to V_{os} instead of 0V

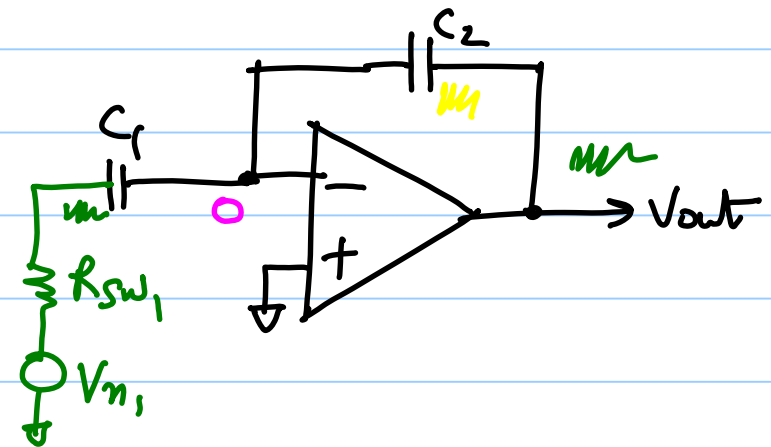
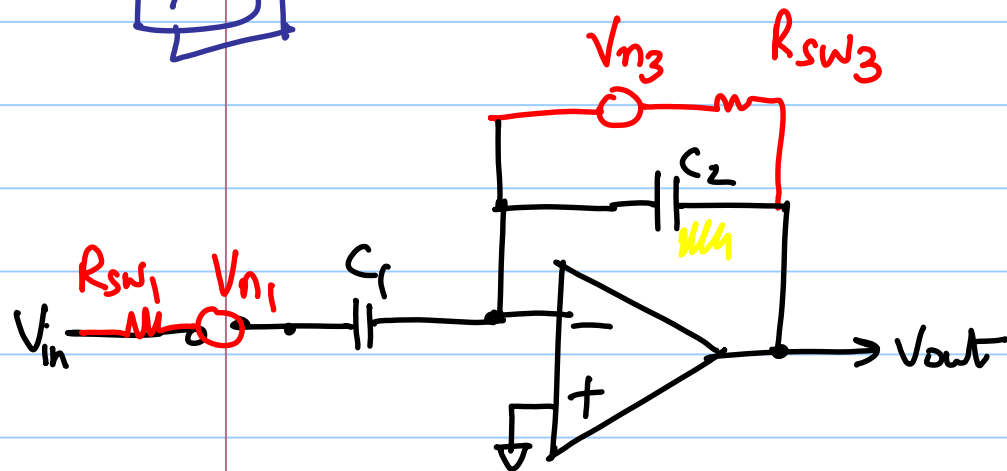
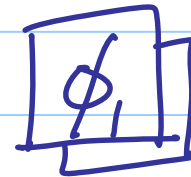
ϕ_1 : $\Rightarrow V_{out} = -\frac{C_1}{C_2} V_{in} \Rightarrow$

Analyze for charge-injection

Thermal Noise :



Non-inverting



② ϕ_2 $R_{sw1} \Rightarrow C_1$ has noise variance $\frac{kT}{C_1}$

$R_{sw3} \Rightarrow C_2$ has noise variance $\frac{kT}{C_2}$

① ϕ_1

$R_{sw1} \Rightarrow \left(\frac{kT}{C_1}\right)$

$\Rightarrow$ at the output $\Rightarrow \frac{kT}{C_1} \left(\frac{C_1}{C_2}\right)^2$ ②

$R_{sw3} \Rightarrow$ Its contribution during ϕ_2

③ $\left(\frac{kT}{C_2}\right)$ is held on C_2

$R_{sw2} \Rightarrow$ Results in a noise $\frac{kT}{C_1}$ on C_1
and gets amplified to

① $\frac{kT}{C_1} \left(\frac{C_1}{C_2}\right)^2$ at the output.

$$\text{Total output noise} = 2 \times \frac{kT}{C_1} \left(\frac{C_1}{C_2} \right)^2 + \frac{kT}{C_2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Input referred noise} \Rightarrow \frac{2 \times \frac{kT}{C_1} \left(\frac{C_1}{C_2} \right)^2 + \frac{kT}{C_2}}{\left(\frac{C_1}{C_2} \right)^2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{input referred} \\ \text{mean square} \\ \text{noise voltage} \end{aligned} = \frac{kT}{C_1} \left[2 + \frac{C_2}{C_1} \right]$$

$$= \frac{kT}{C_1} \times 2.5 \quad \text{for gain} = 2 = \frac{C_1}{C_2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{input referred} \\ \text{RMS noise} \end{aligned}$$

$$= \sqrt{2.5 \frac{kT}{C_1}} \quad \text{for gain} = 2$$

In general

$$V_{rms, in} = \sqrt{\frac{KT}{C_1} \left(2 + \frac{C_2}{C_1} \right)} \quad A_{C_2}^{-1}$$

Design $\Rightarrow$ for SNR $\Rightarrow$ find C_1 $\frac{C_1}{C_2} = 2$

Start with
SNR spec

$$\Rightarrow C_2 = \frac{C_1}{A_{gain}}$$