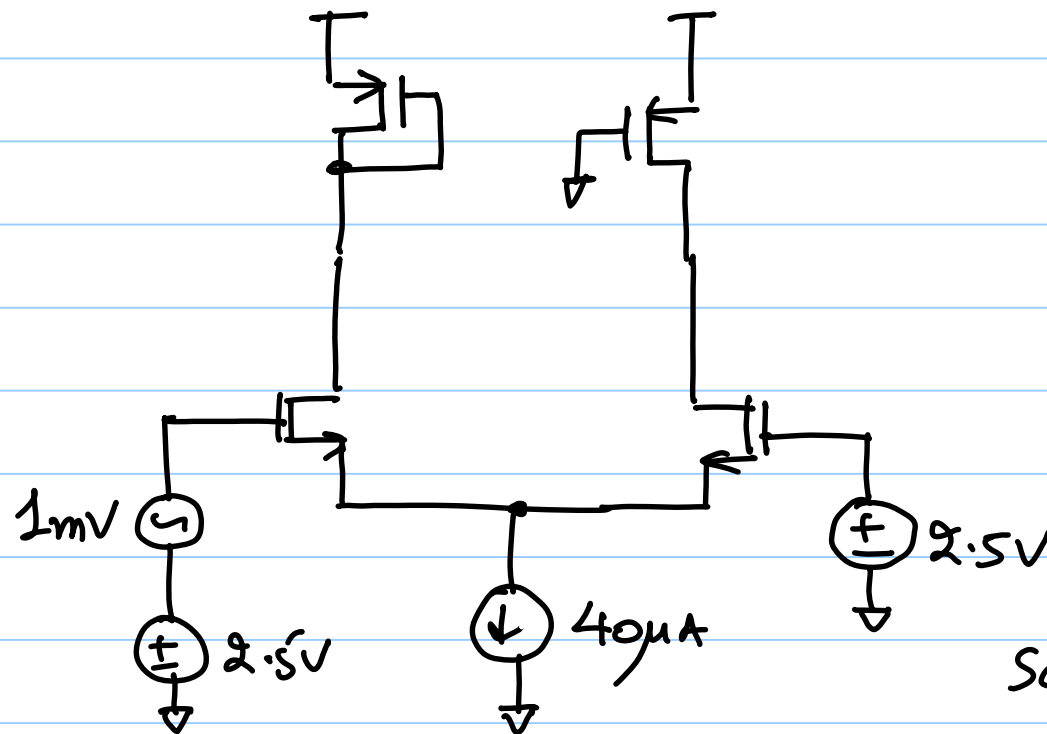


ECE 511 - Lecture 3

Note Title

1/20/2015



$V_{DD} = 5V$
 $1\mu m$ CMOS

All NMOS $\rightarrow 10/2$ ✓
 All PMOS $\rightarrow 30/2$ ✓

Solve all DC & AC
 voltages & currents

Scale = μm

$V_{DD} = 5V$

$V_{THN} = 0.8$

$V_{THP} = 0.9$

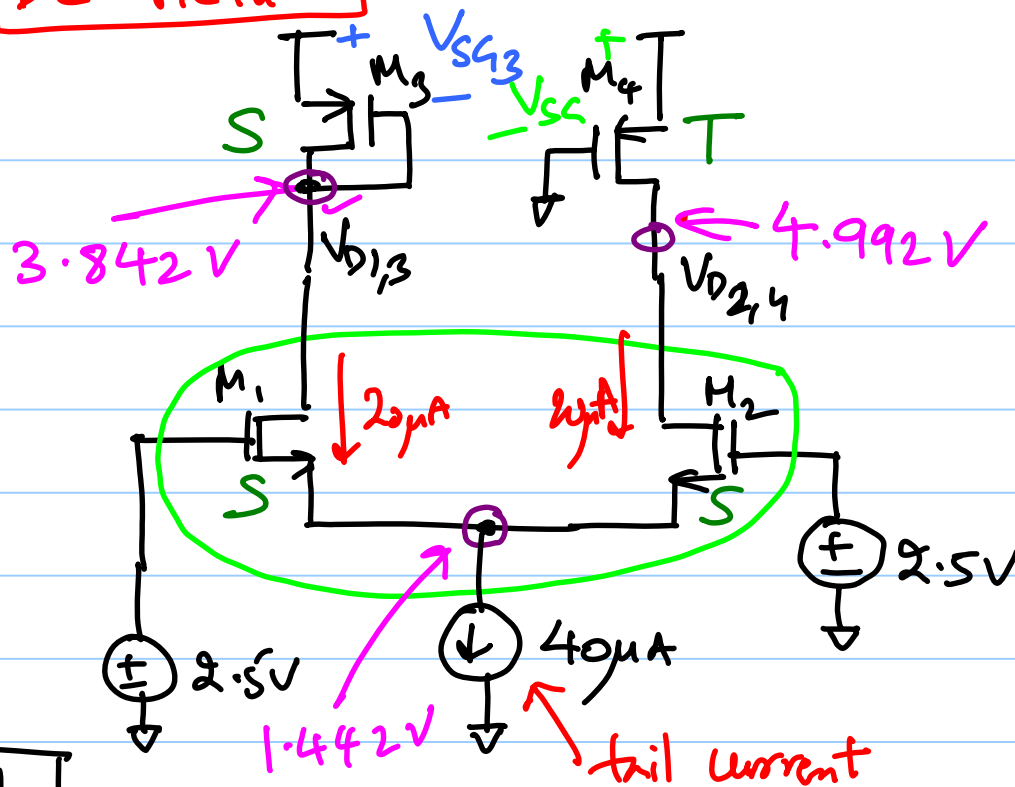
$K_{In} = 120 \frac{\mu A}{V^2}$

$K_{Ip} = 40 \frac{\mu A}{V^2}$

$\lambda = 0$ $\delta \Rightarrow$

Ignore channel length modulation

DC Picture



Irrespective of the load,
The diff-pair tail
current is equally
split as long as
 $V_{GS1,2}$ are the same
↳ "Symmetry"

CMOS Ex
9.5

M_1, M_2

Assume M_1 & M_2 are in saturation

$$V_{GS} = V_{GS2} = \sqrt{\frac{2I_D}{K_{PN} W/L}} + V_{THN} = \sqrt{\frac{40\mu}{120\mu} \cdot \frac{2}{10}} + 0.8 = 1.058V$$

$$V_{DS,sat,1,2} = V_{GS,1,2} - V_{THN} = 258mV$$

$$V_{S1,2} = 2.5 - V_{GS,1,2} = 2.5 - 1.058 = 1.442V$$

$M_3 \rightarrow \text{SAT}$

$$V_{SG3} = \sqrt{\frac{2 \times 20 \mu}{40 \mu} \times \frac{2}{30}} + 0.9 = 1.158 \text{ V} \Rightarrow V_{SD, \text{sat}_3} = 250 \text{ mV}$$

drain potential of M_3 & M_1

$$V_{D1} = V_{D3} = V_{DD} - V_{SG3} = 3.842 \text{ V}$$

check for M_1 :

$$V_{DS} > V_{DS, \text{sat}} : M_1 \text{ is in SAT}$$

$2.4 \text{ V} > 250 \text{ mV}$

M_4 $V_{SG} = 5 \text{ V} \Rightarrow$ most likely in Triode (initial guess)

for saturation we must have for M_4 :

$$V_{SD} \geq V_{SG} - V_{THP}$$

$$V_S - V_D \geq V_S - V_G - V_{THP}$$

$$\Rightarrow V_G \geq V_D - V_{THP}$$

0

$$\Rightarrow V_D \leq 0.9V$$

$$20\mu = 40\mu \times \frac{30}{2} \left[(5-0.9)V_{SD} - \frac{V_{SD}^2}{2} \right]$$

$$\Rightarrow V_{SD} = 8.13mV$$

$$\Rightarrow V_{D4} = 5V - V_{SD} = 4.992V$$

II Find small-signal parameters

$$M_1, M_2: \quad g_m = \sqrt{2\beta_n I_D} = \boxed{150 \frac{\mu A}{V}}$$

$$r_o = \frac{1}{\lambda I_{Dsat}} \rightarrow \infty \Omega$$

$$M_3: \quad g_{m3} = 150 \frac{\mu A}{V}$$

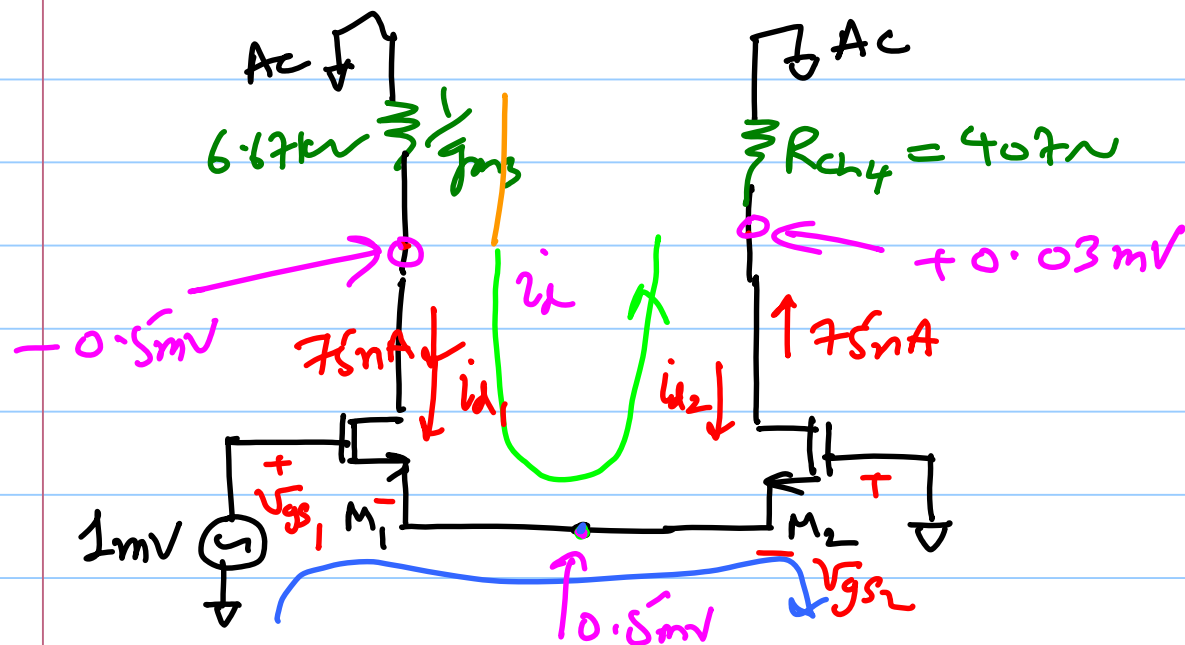
$$\frac{1}{g_{m3}} = 6.67 k\Omega$$

$$M_4: \quad R_{ch} = \frac{1}{\beta(V_{GS} - V_{THP})}$$

$$= 407\Omega$$

III

AC picture



$$r_o \rightarrow \infty$$

$$i_{d1} = g_{m1} v_{gs1}$$

$$i_{d2} = g_{m2} v_{gs2}$$

$$KVL: 1mV = v_{gs1} - v_{gs2} \rightarrow \textcircled{1}$$

$$\textcircled{1} \sim \textcircled{2}$$

$$v_{gs1} = 0.5mV = -v_{gs2}$$

$$i_{d1} = -i_{d2} = g_m v_{gs1} = 75nA$$

$$KCL: i_{d2} = -i_{d1}$$

i_{d1}

$-i_{d2}$

$$i_{d2} = -i_{d1}$$

$$g_m v_{gs2} = -g_m v_{gs1}$$

$$\Rightarrow v_{gs2} = -v_{gs1} \rightarrow \textcircled{2}$$

$$V_{d1} = V_{d3} = -i_{d1} \cdot \frac{1}{g_{m3}} = -0.5 \text{ mV}$$

$$V_{d2} = V_{d4} = -i_{d4} \cdot R_{ch4} = -i_{d2} \cdot R_{ch4} = 0.03 \text{ mV}$$

IV :

$$V_{D13} = 3.842 - 0.5 \text{ mV} \sin(2\pi f_{int})$$

$$V_{D24} = 4.992 + 0.03 \text{ mV} \sin(2\pi f_{int})$$

