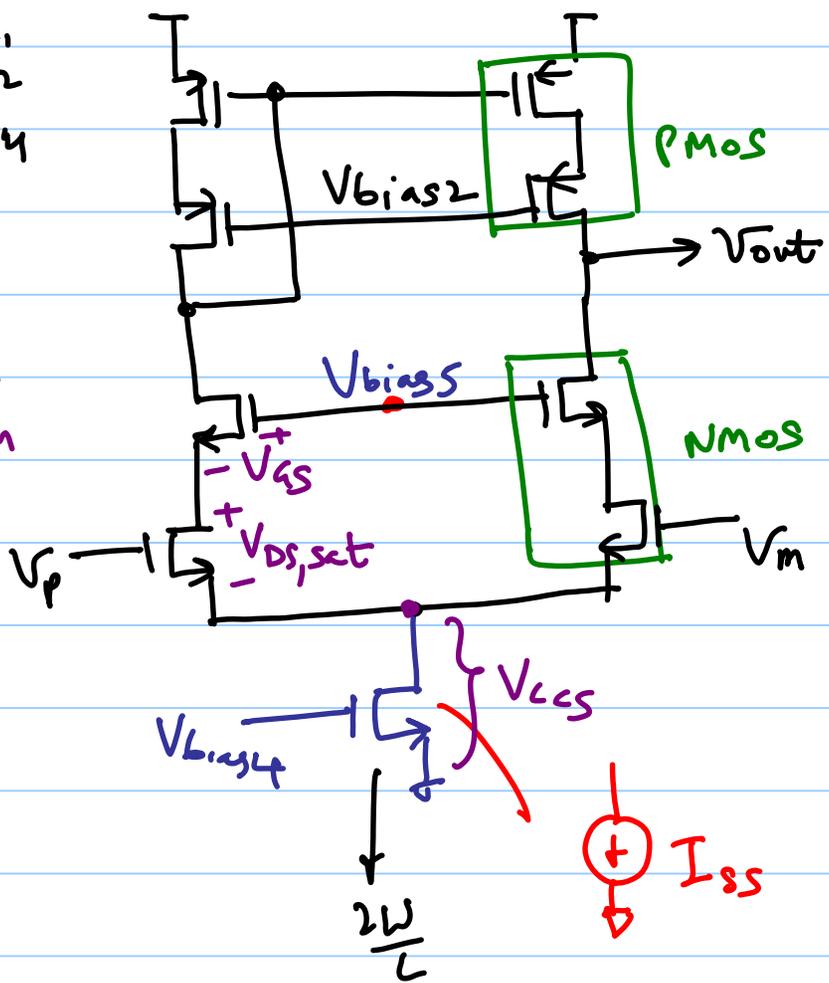
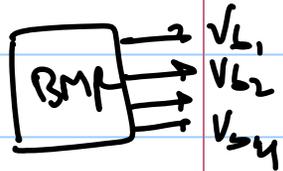


# ECE 511 - Lecture 23

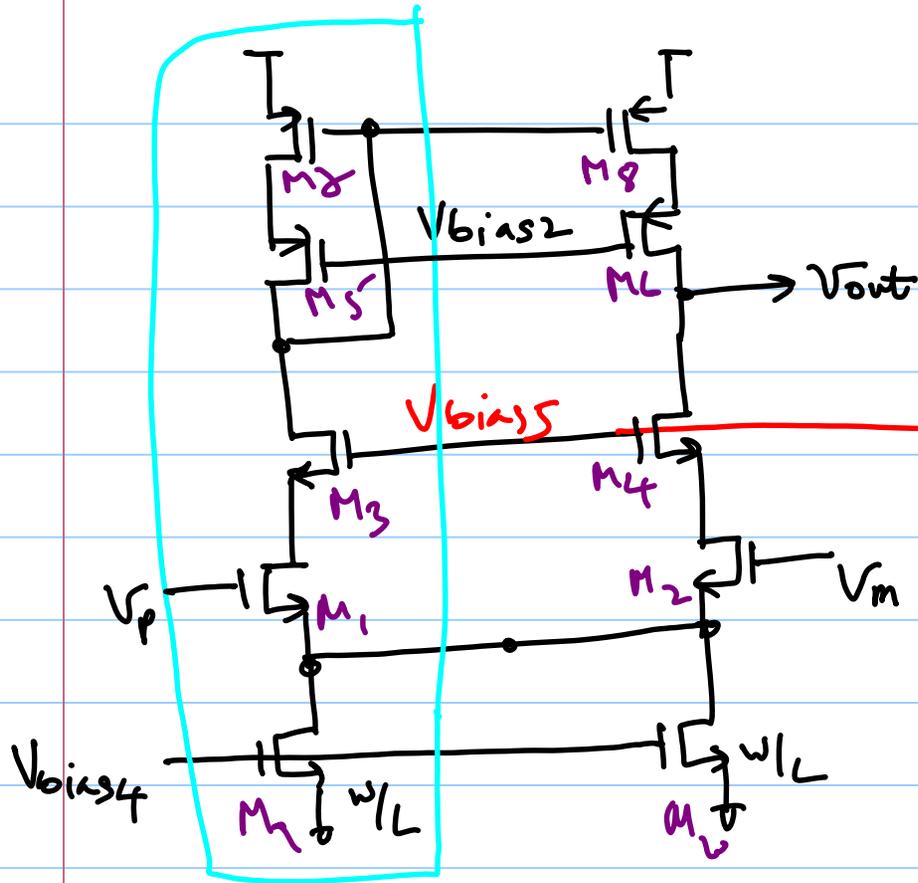


Bias all transistor in saturation

Telescopic

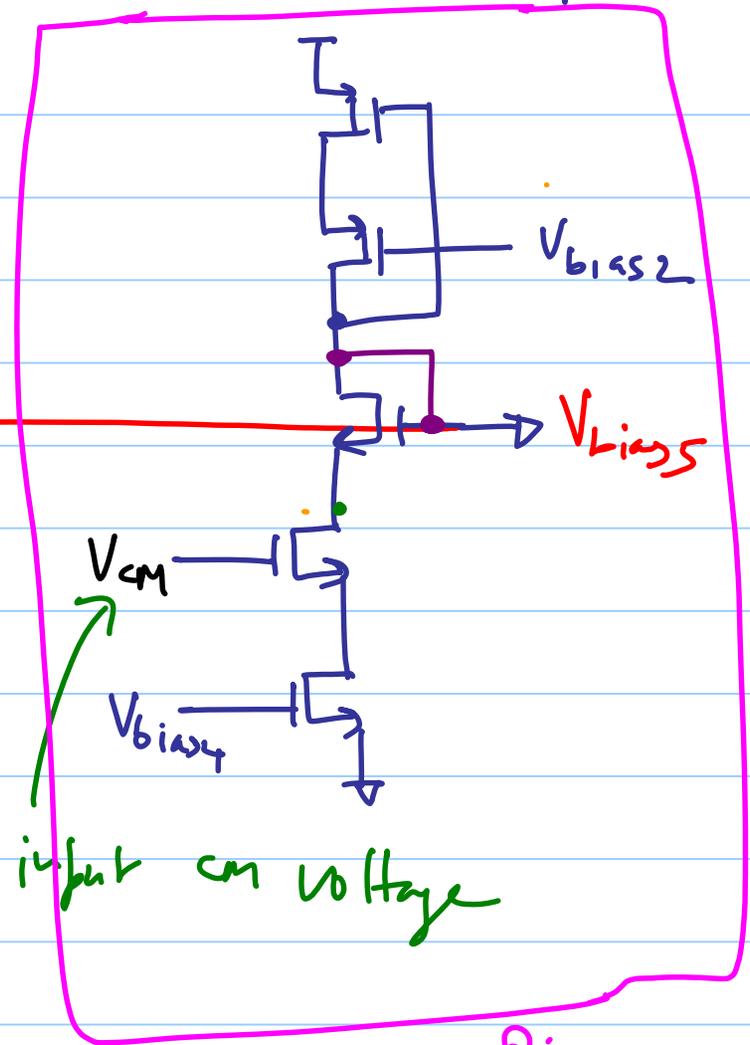
How to generate  $V_{bias5}$ ?

↳ Replica Biasing.



$V_{bias5}$  biases  $M_3$  &  $M_4$  in saturation while ensuring  $M_1$  &  $M_2$  are also in SAT.

Create a Replica circuit

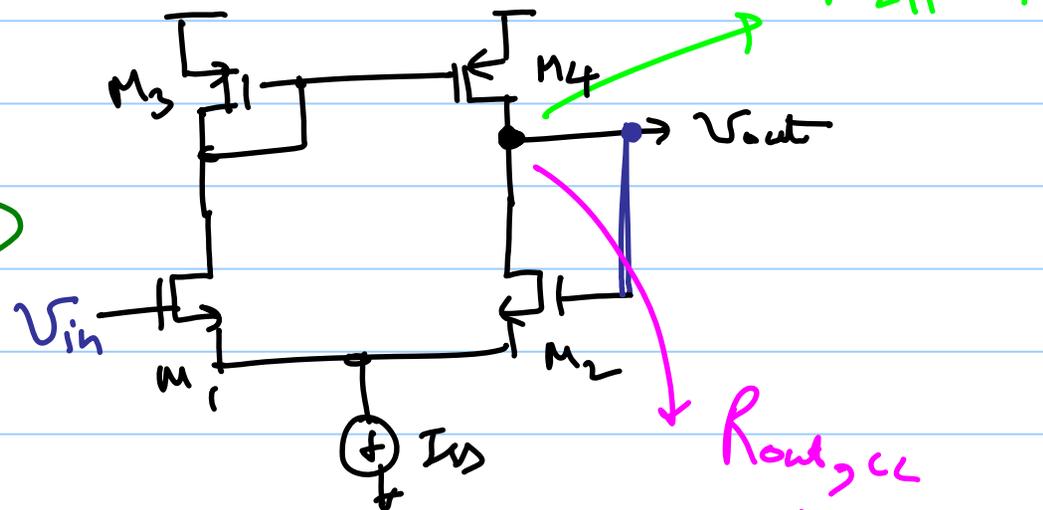
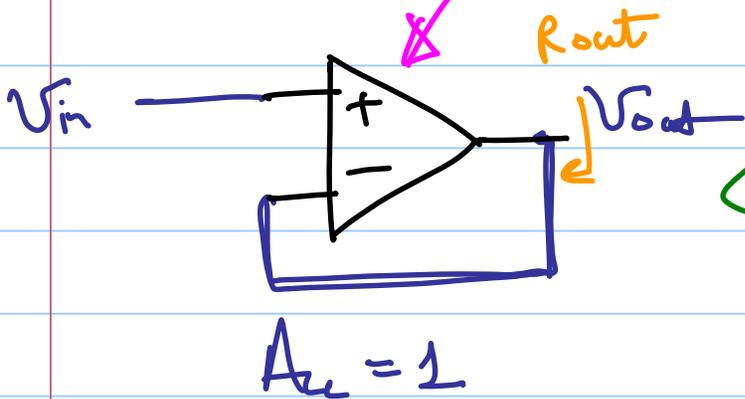


Replica Bias Circuit

"Tracks PVT variations"

Example

Useful Topology



Closed-loop  $R_{out} = \frac{1}{g_m}$  & vary low as desired

from feedback chapter

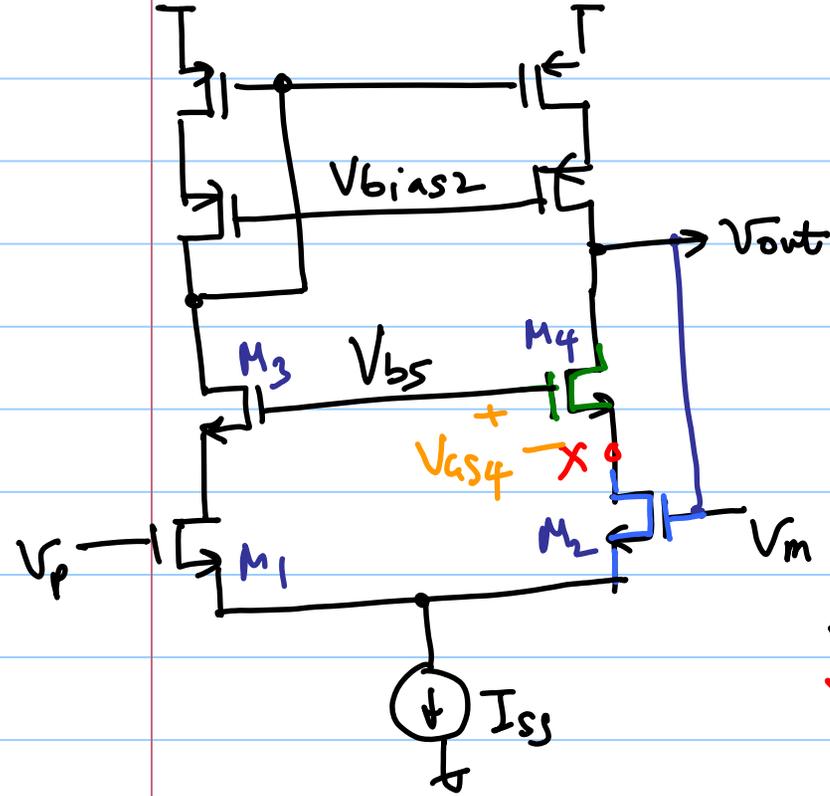
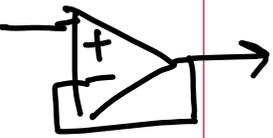
$$R_{out,CL} = \frac{R_{out,OL}}{1 + \text{loop-gain}} = \frac{\cancel{\gamma_{o2}} \parallel \cancel{\gamma_{o4}}}{1 + g_{m1,2} (\cancel{\gamma_{o2}} \parallel \cancel{\gamma_{o4}})} \approx \frac{1}{g_{m1,2}}$$

★ To be able to make unity-gain feedback connection:

output range should have good overlap with input CMR.

# Single - stage Telescopic Amplifier:

\* Both  $M_2$  &  $M_4$  must be in SAT



$M_2$

$$V_{out} \leq V_{x} + V_{THN} \rightarrow \textcircled{1}$$

$M_4$

$$V_{out} \geq V_{b5} - V_{THN} \rightarrow \textcircled{2}$$

$$V_x = V_{b5} - V_{gs4} \rightarrow \textcircled{3}$$

$$\underbrace{V_{b5} - V_{THN}}_{V_{out, min}} \leq V_{out} \leq \underbrace{V_{b5} - V_{gs4} + V_{THN}}_{V_{out, max}}$$

$$V_{out, max} - V_{out, min} = 2V_{THN} - V_{gs4}$$

$$\leq \underbrace{V_{THN} - V_{ov, 4}}$$

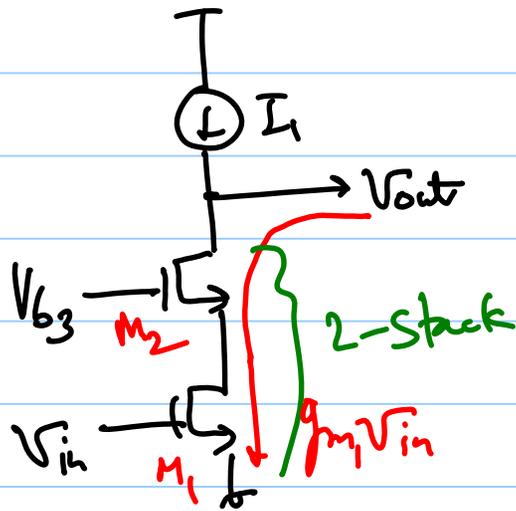
This range is very small

## Main drawbacks of telescopic opamps

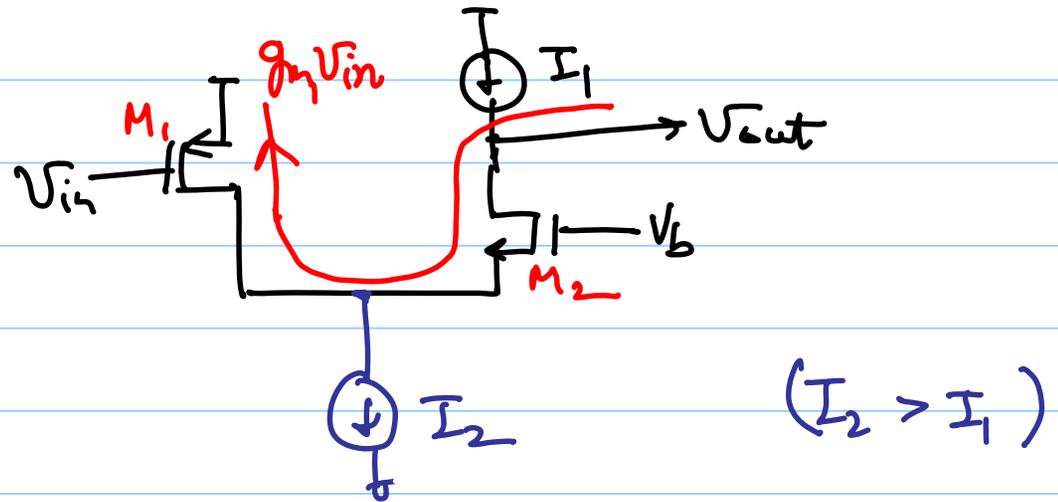
- ① Limited output swing
- ② difficulty in sharing input & output terminals

folded cascode to mitigate these problems

NMOS input device



PMOS input device



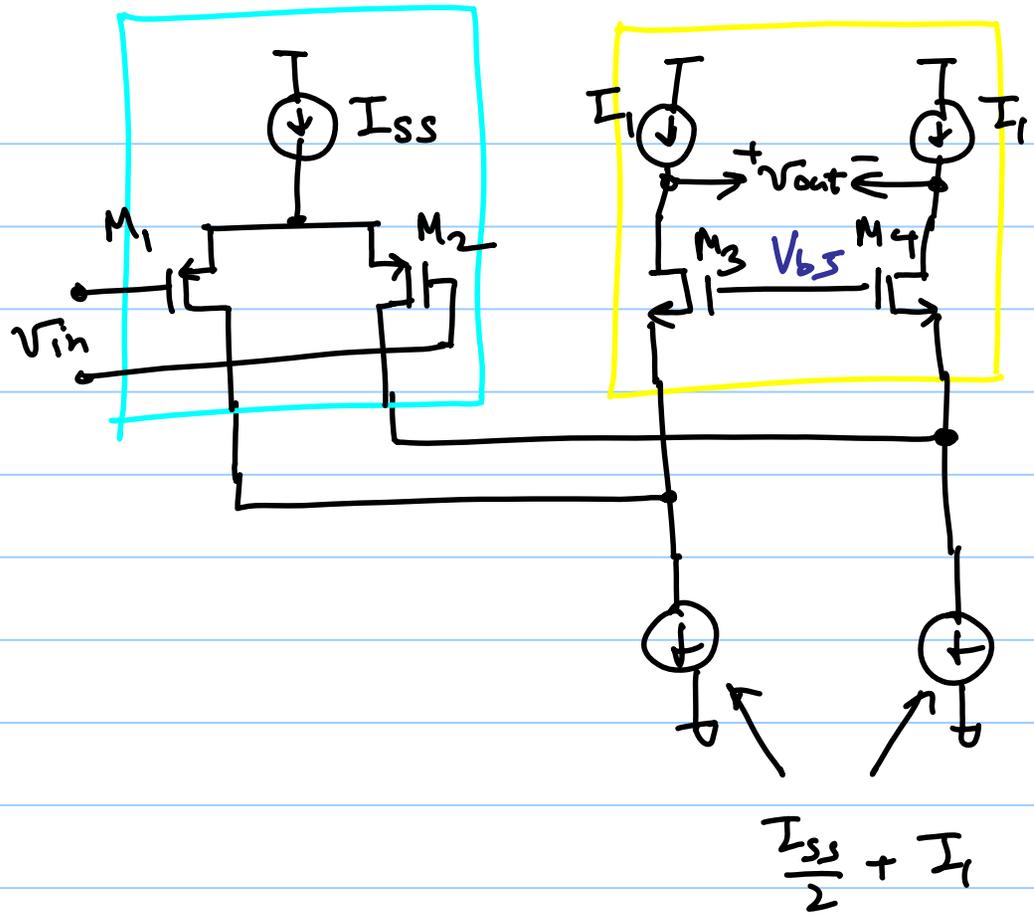
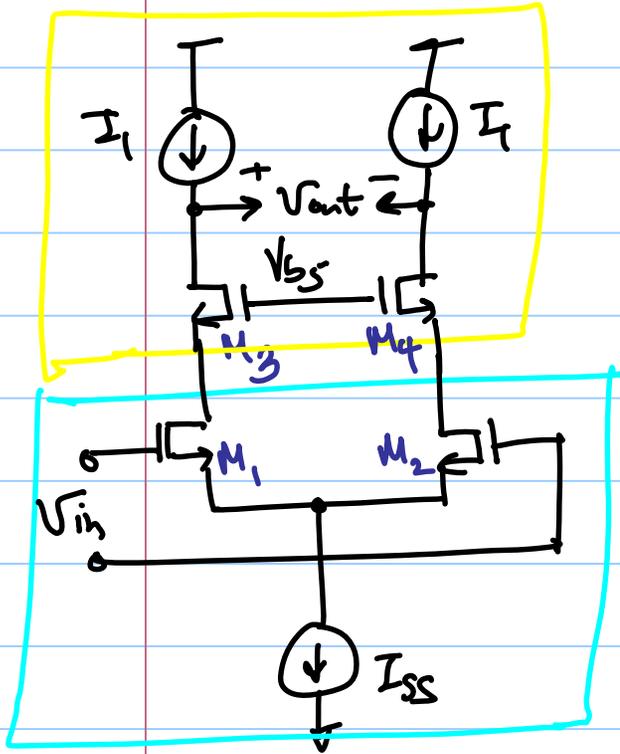
\* input device replaced by opposite type

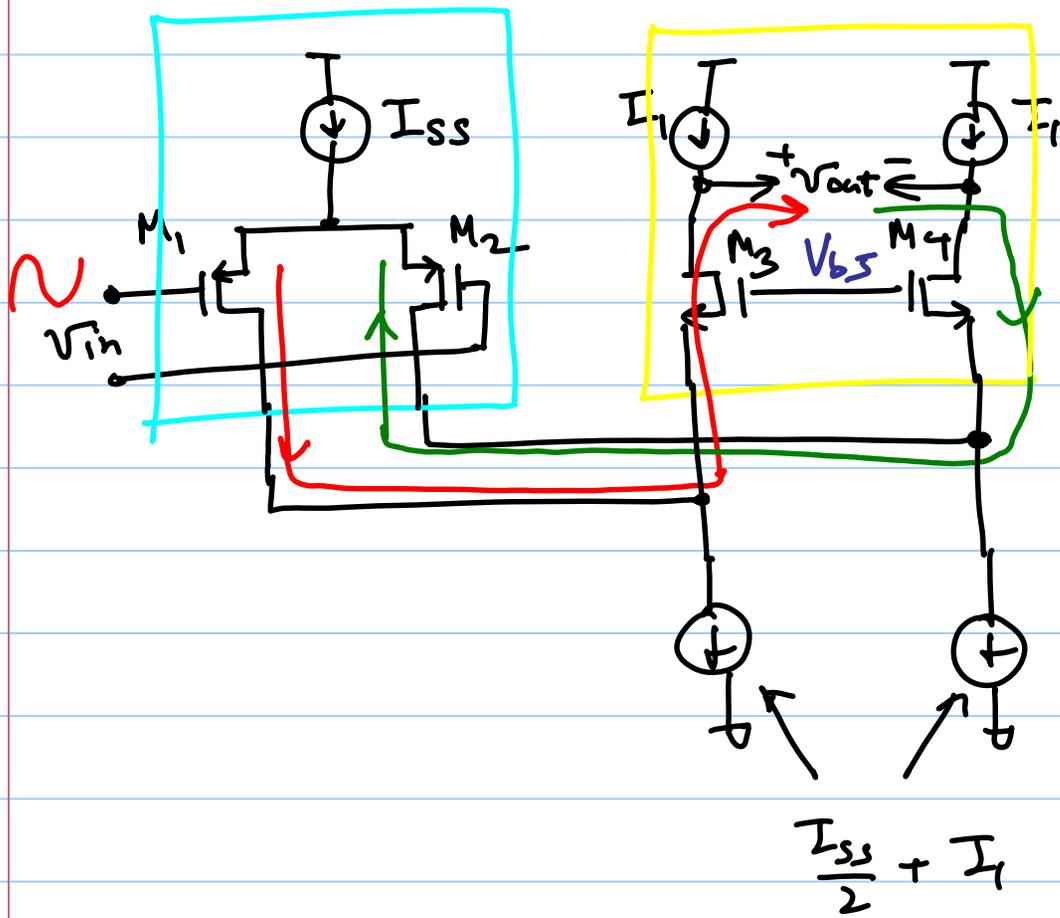
$$* \quad A_v = -g_{m1} R_{out}$$

↓

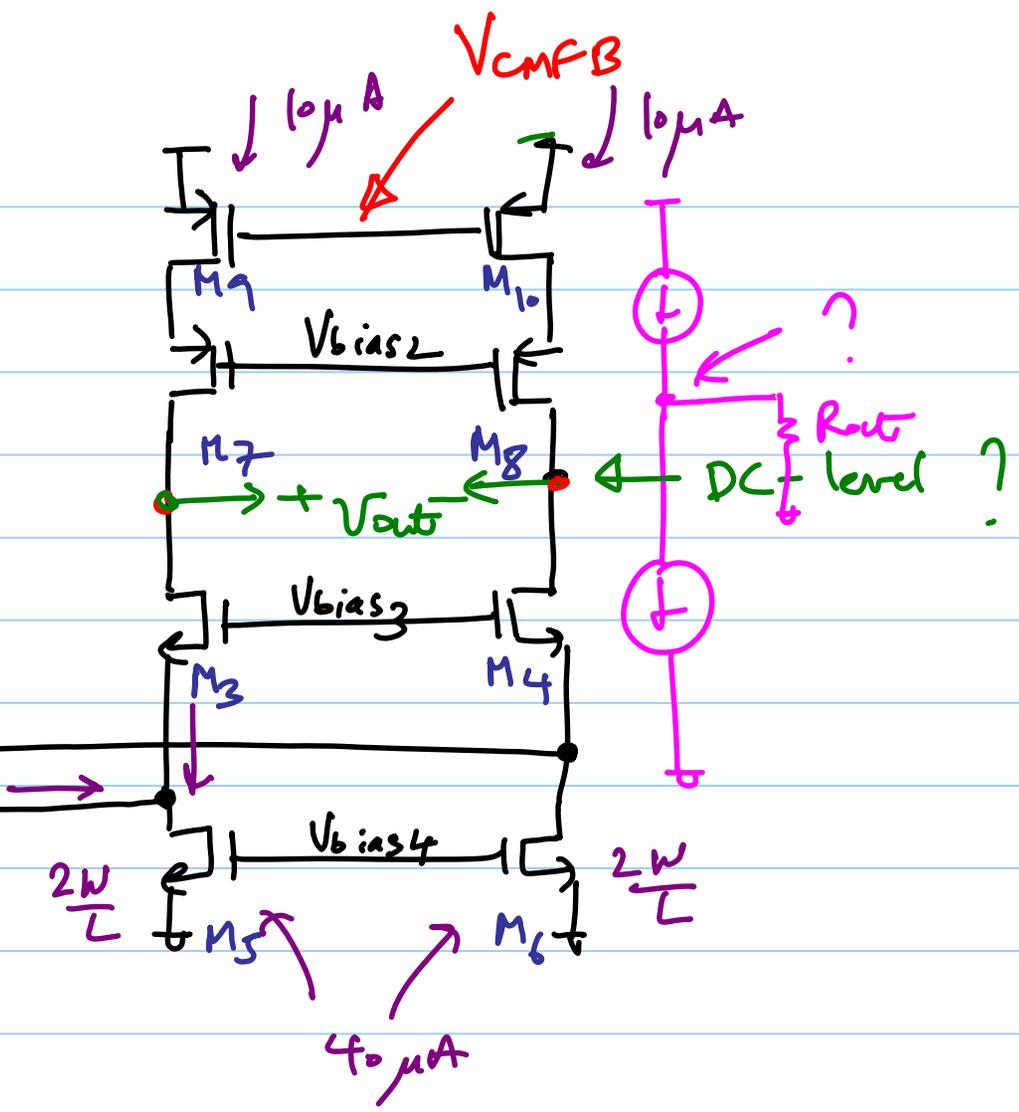
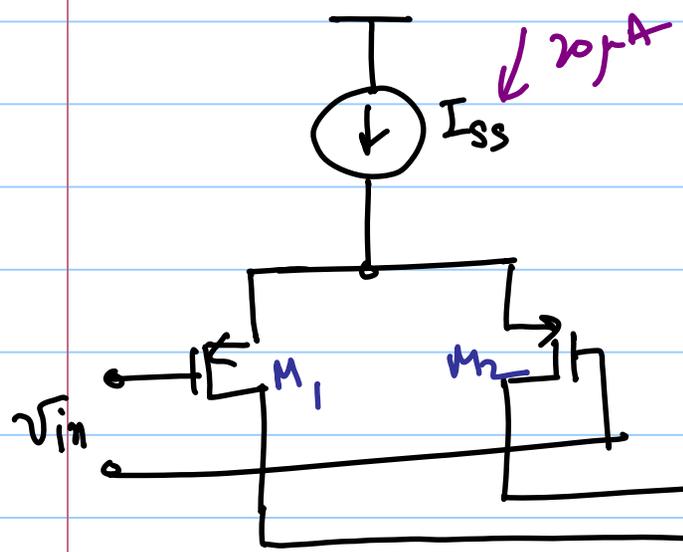
$$I_{n1}$$

# Regular Cascode Amplifier



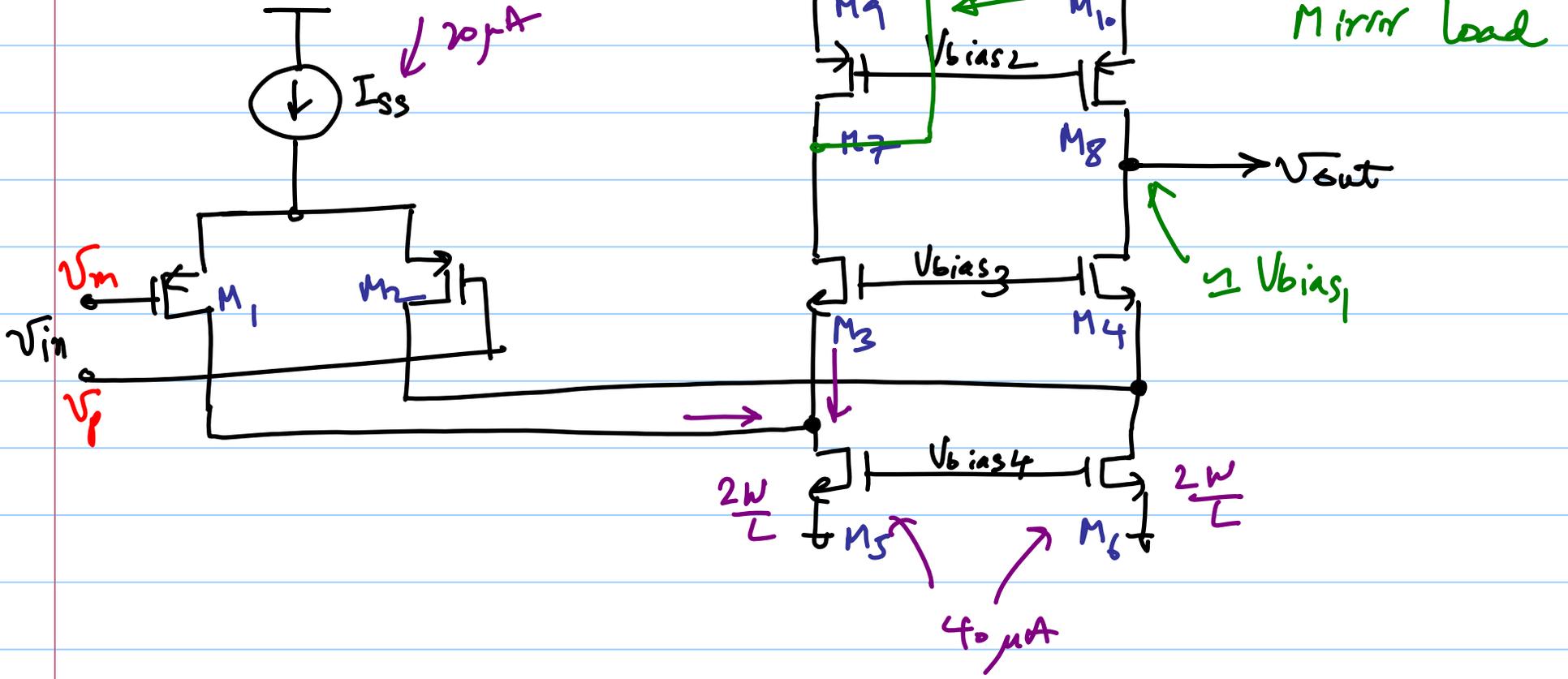


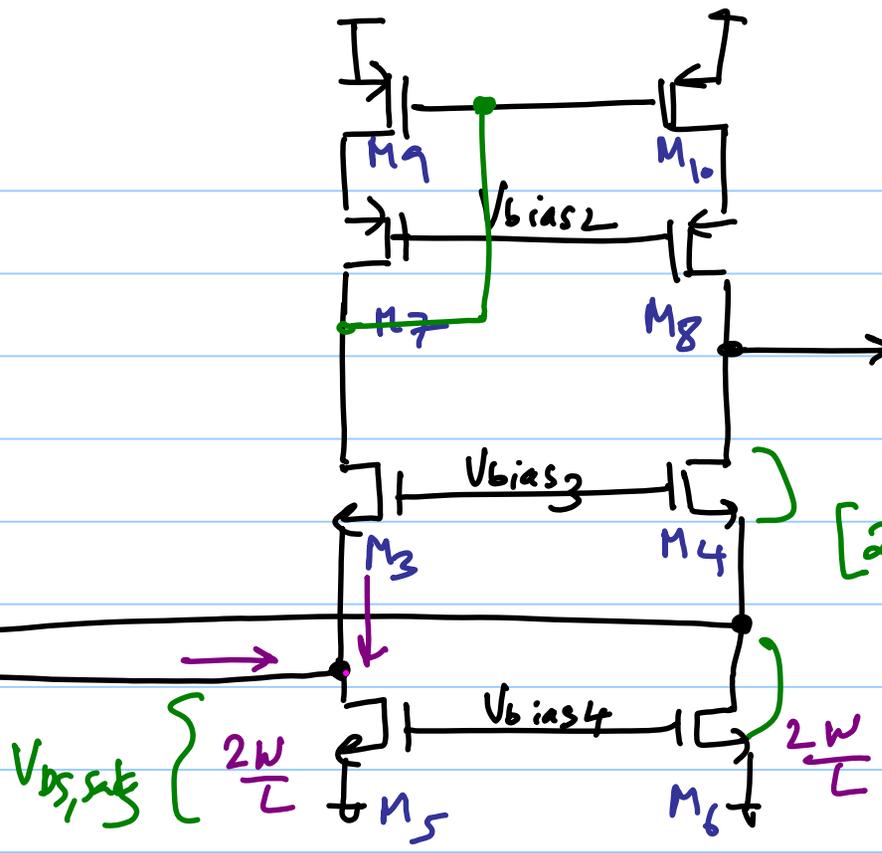
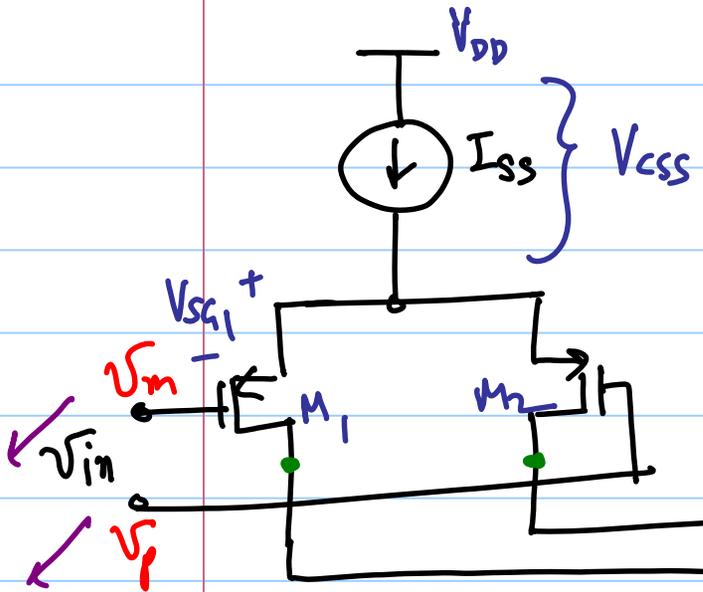
# FC. Differential Amplifier.



# Single-Ended Folded Cascode Amplifier

OTA in open-loop  
Opamp in closed-loop





$V_{out} \in [2V_{DS,sat}, V_{DD} - 2V_{SD,sat}]$

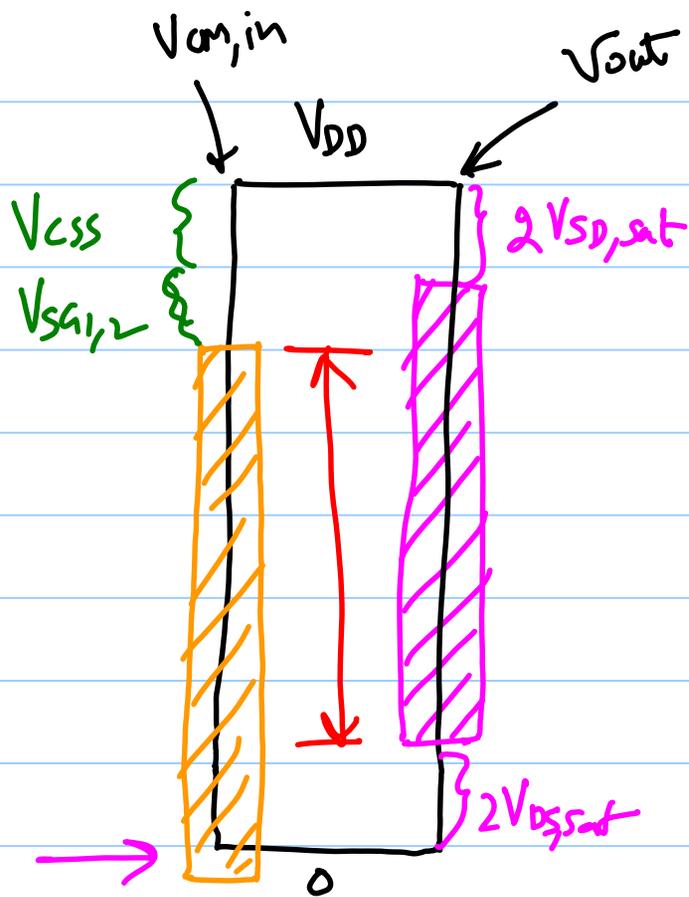
$M_{1,2}$  in SAT:

$V_{cm,in} \leq V_{DD} - V_{CSS} - V_{SG1,2}$

$M_{5,6}$  in SAT:

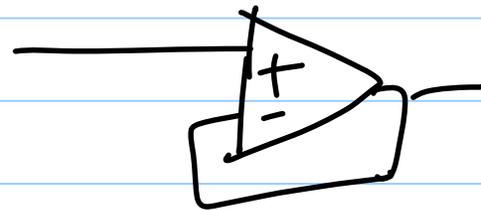
$V_{cm,in} \geq V_{DS,sat5} - V_{THP} < 0 \Leftarrow$  input cmk accommodate the gnd rail.

$V_{cm,in} \in [V_{DS,sat} - V_{THP}, V_{DD} - V_{CSS} - V_{SG1,2}]$



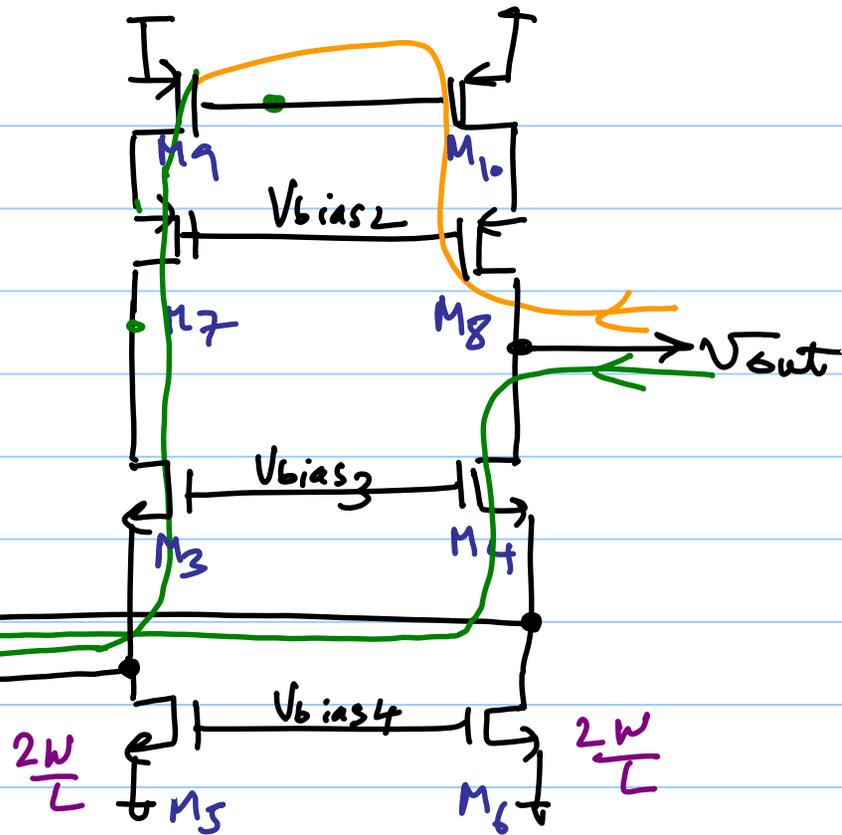
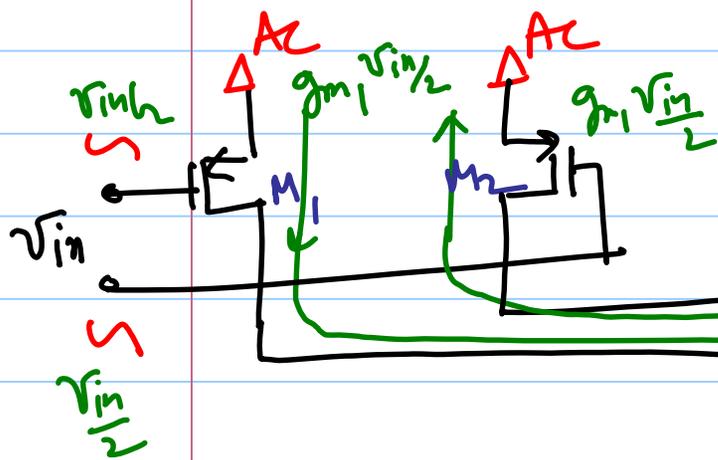
Folded Cascode

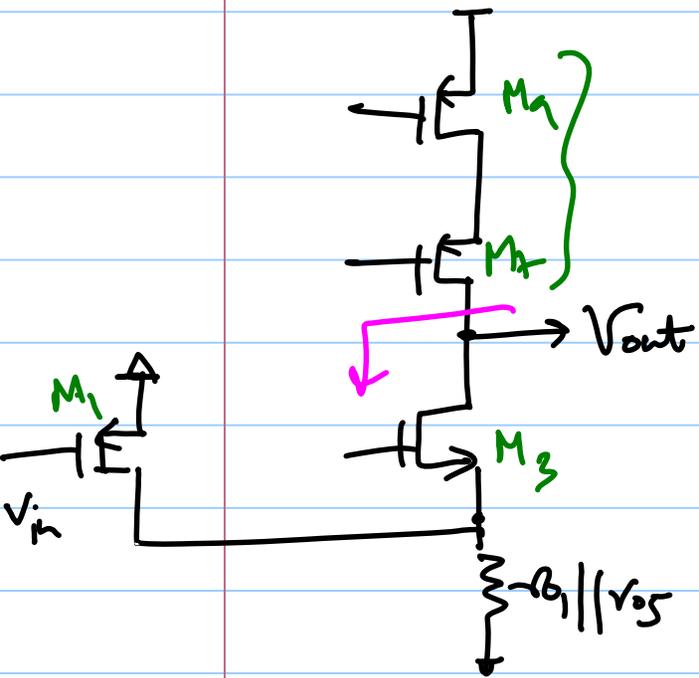
good overlap b/w  
 $V_{in,cm}$  &  $V_{out}$



(-) Consumes more ( $\sim 2x$ ) bias current  
 $\rightarrow$  higher power consumption compared to  
 Telescopic

# Half-Circuit Analysis





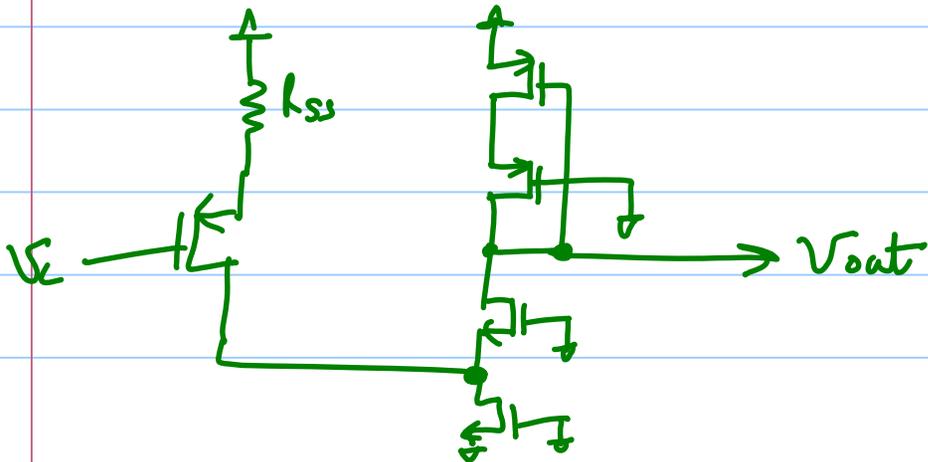
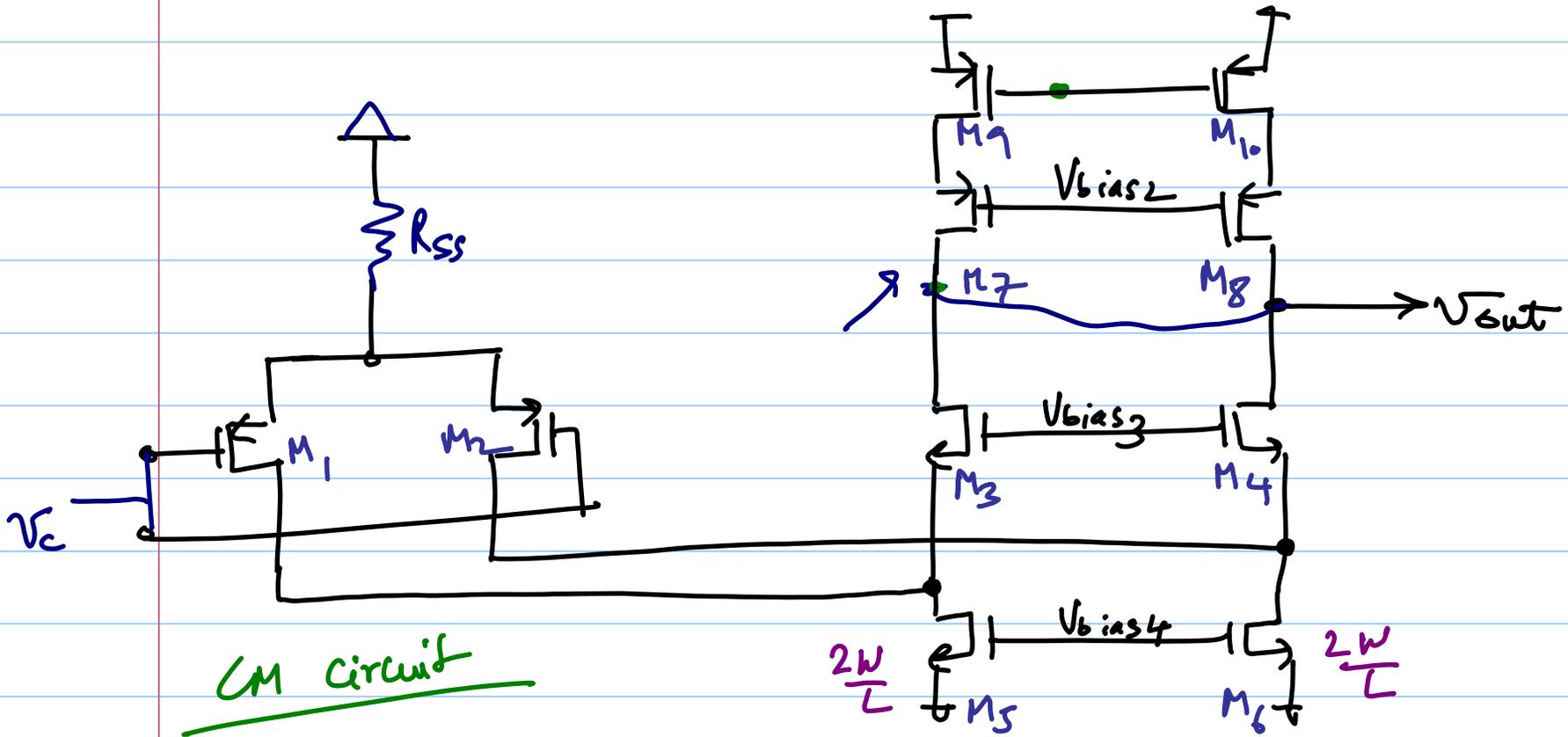
$$g_m \equiv -g_{m1} \times$$

$$R_{out} \approx (g_{m7} r_{o7} r_{o9}) \parallel (g_{m3} r_{o3} (r_{o1} \parallel r_{o5}))$$

Half circuit gain  $\Rightarrow -g_{m1} R_{out}$

$$A = g_{m1} \cdot R_{out}$$

$A_{v,cm}$



Apply GmRow method

$A_v, cm$

$$CMRR = \left| \frac{A_{v, dm}}{A_{v, cm}} \right|$$