

ECE 517 - Lecture 1

Note Title

1/12/2017

Signals Refresher

Fourier Series:



$g(t)$ periodic signal with period $T = 1/f_0$

$$g(t) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} a_k e^{j2\pi k f_0 t}$$

$$a_k = \frac{1}{T} \int_0^T g(t) e^{-j2\pi k f_0 t} dt$$

Fourier Transform

$$X(f) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x(t) e^{-j2\pi ft} dt$$

$$x(t) \xrightarrow{\mathcal{F}} X(f)$$

inverse

$$x(t) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} X(f) e^{j2\pi ft} df$$

$$X(f) \xrightarrow{\mathcal{F}^{-1}} x(t)$$

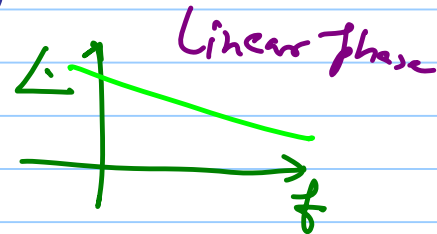
FT properties:

Linearity:

$$ax(t) + by(t) \xrightarrow{\mathcal{F}} aX(f) + bY(f)$$

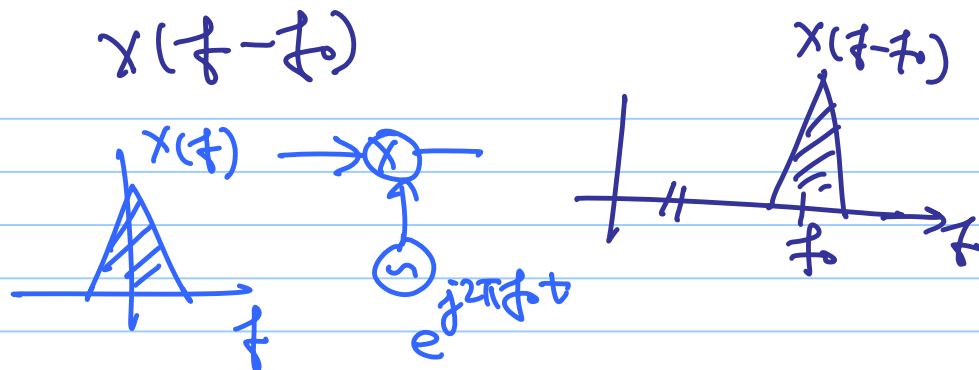
time-delay:

$$x(t-t_0) \xrightarrow{\mathcal{F}} X(f) e^{j2\pi ft_0}$$



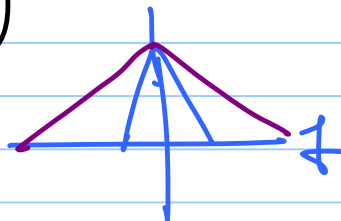
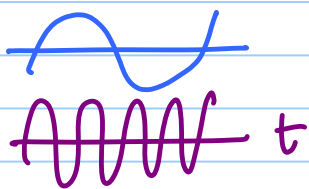
frequency translation:

$$x(t) \cdot e^{j2\pi f_0 t} \xrightarrow{\mathcal{F}} X(f - f_0)$$



Scaling:

$$x(at) \xleftrightarrow{\mathcal{F}} \frac{1}{|a|} X(f/a)$$



Convolution:

$$\underline{x(t) \otimes y(t)} \xrightarrow{\mathcal{F}} \underline{X(f) \cdot Y(f)}$$

Multiplication:

$$\underline{x(t) \cdot y(t)} \xrightarrow{f} \underline{X(f) \otimes Y(f)}$$

Duality:

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} x(t) \xrightarrow{f} X(f) \\ X(t) \xrightarrow{f} x(-f) \end{array} \right\} \text{Duality}$$

Parseval's Theorem:

$$\text{Energy} \Rightarrow \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \underbrace{x(t) x^*(t)}_{\text{power}} dt = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \underbrace{X(f) \overset{*}{X(f)}}_{\text{power}} df$$

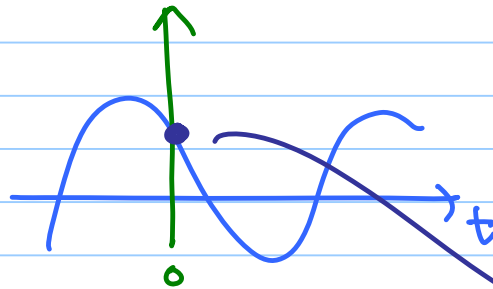
Complex Conjugate

Delta function (?)

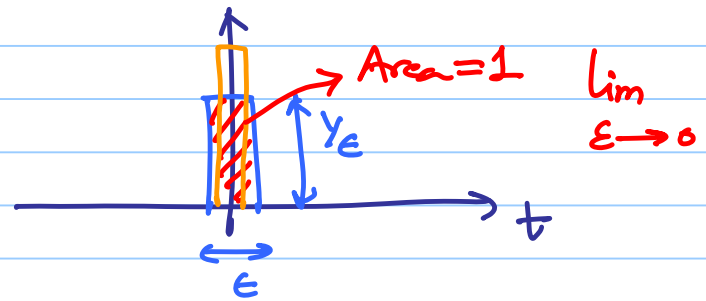
$\delta(t)$

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \delta(t) dt = 1$$

$x(t) \cdot \delta(t)$



$x(t) \cdot \delta(t)$



$\delta(t)$

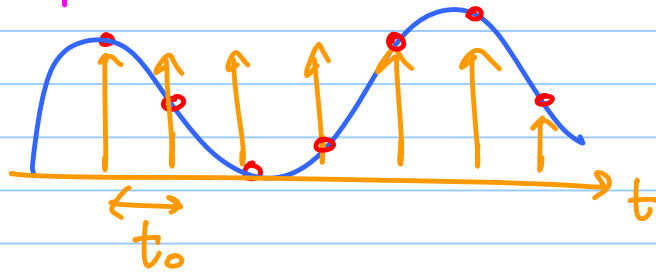


picks the value of the signal at $t=0$

$$x(t) \cdot \delta(t - t_0) = x(t_0) \cdot \delta(t - t_0)$$

$$x(t) \cdot \underbrace{\sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \delta(t - nt_0)}_{\text{impulse train}} = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \underbrace{x(nt_0)}_{\text{sample}} \cdot \delta(t - nt_0)$$

impulse train

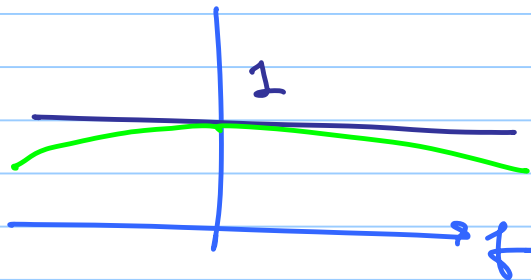
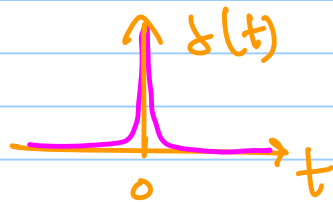


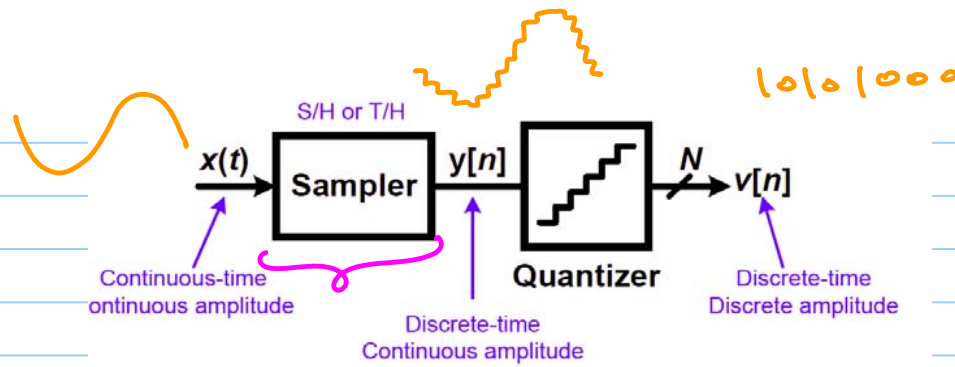
$$x(t) \otimes \delta(t) = x(t)$$

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x(\tau) \delta(t-\tau) d\tau = x(t)$$

$$x(t) \otimes \delta(t-t_0) = x(t-t_0)$$

$$\delta(t) \xrightarrow{F} 1$$

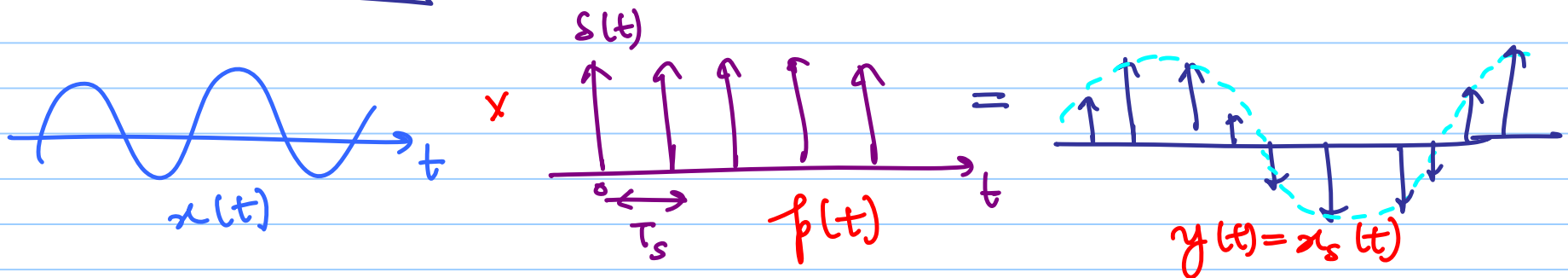




$$f_s = \text{sample rate} = \frac{1}{T_s}$$

$T_s \Rightarrow$ sampling period

Ideal Sampling:



$$y(t) = x(t) \cdot \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \delta(t - nT_s)$$

→ impulse train

$p(t)$

$$= \underline{x(t)} \cdot p(t)$$

$$\Rightarrow Y(f) = \underline{X(f)} \otimes \underbrace{P(f)}_{??}$$

$P(f) = ??$

Impulse Train

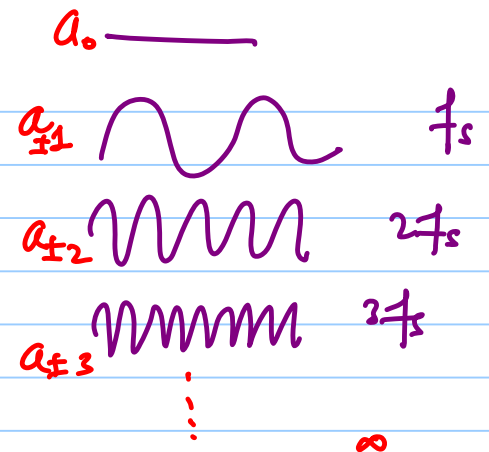
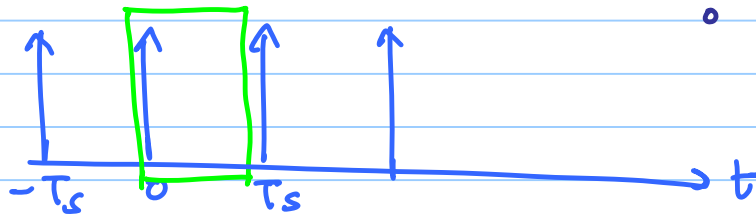
$p(t) \rightarrow$ periodic function

$\hookrightarrow$ express it as Fourier series

Fourier Series representation

$$p(t) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} a_k e^{j2\pi k f_s t} \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

$$\underline{a_k} = \frac{1}{T_s} \int_0^{T_s} p(t) e^{-j2\pi k f_s t} dt = \frac{1}{T_s} \int_0^{T_s} \delta(t) e^{-j2\pi k f_s t} dt = \frac{1}{T_s} \int_0^{T_s} \delta(t) dt = \underline{\underline{\frac{1}{T_s}}}$$

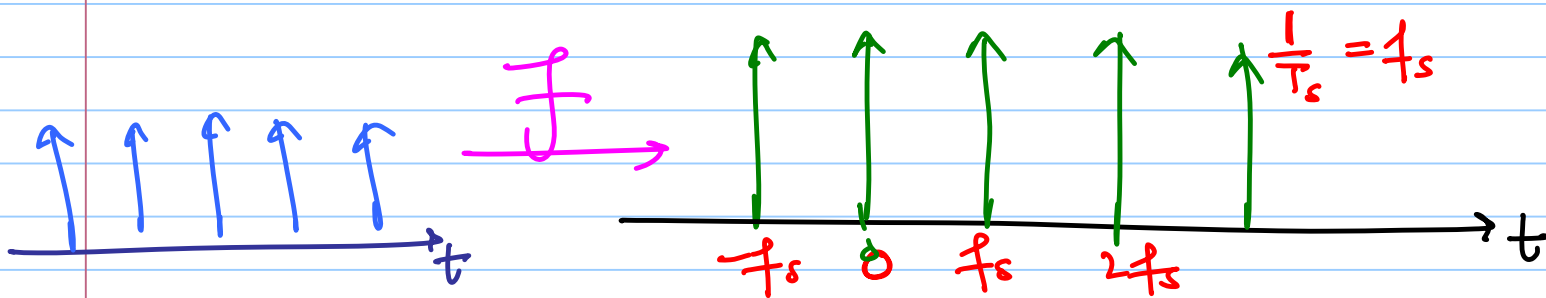


$$p(t) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{T_s} e^{j 2\pi k f_s t}$$

$$e^{j\omega_s t}$$

↓ f

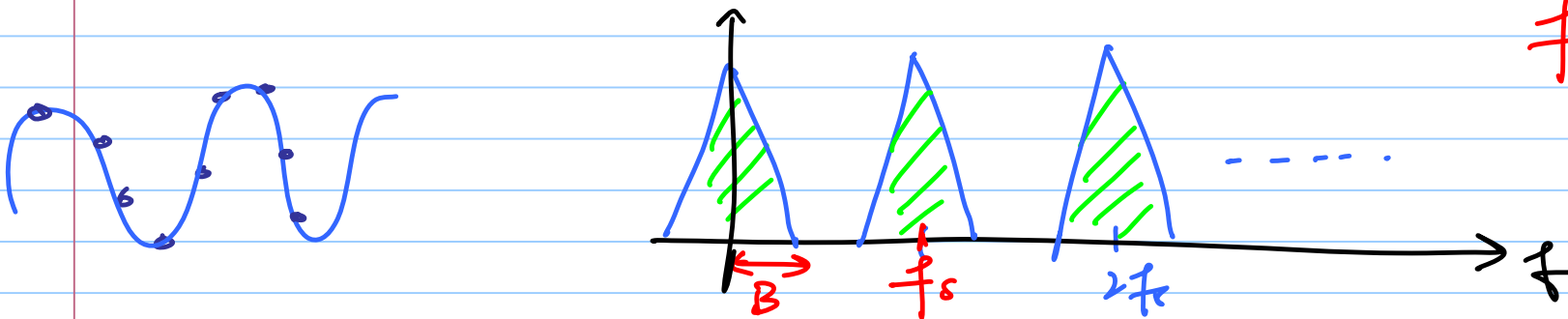
$$P(f) = \frac{1}{T_s} \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} \delta(f - k f_s)$$

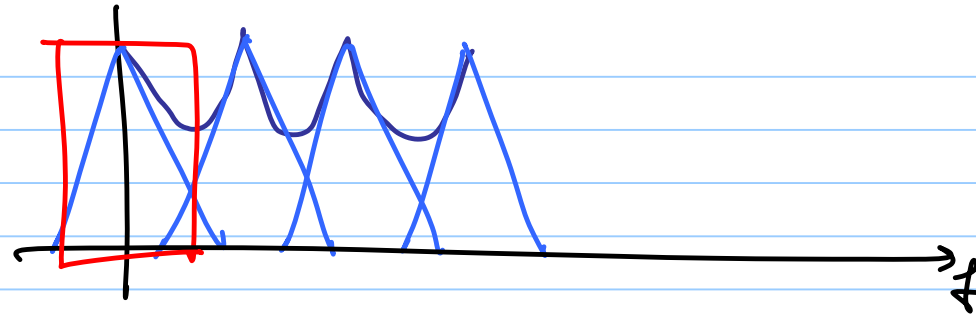


$$\begin{aligned}
 x(t) \cdot p(t) &\xrightarrow{f} X(f) \otimes P(f) \\
 &= X(f) \otimes \frac{1}{T_s} \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} \delta(f - kf_s) \\
 &= \frac{1}{T_s} \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} X(f - kf_s)
 \end{aligned}$$

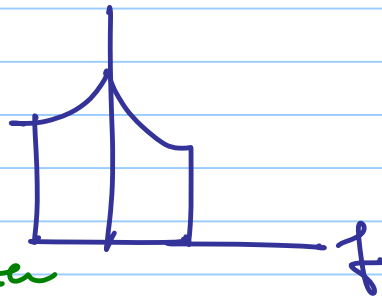
Nyquist Theorem

$$f_s \geq 2B$$





"Aliasing"



anti-alias filter

