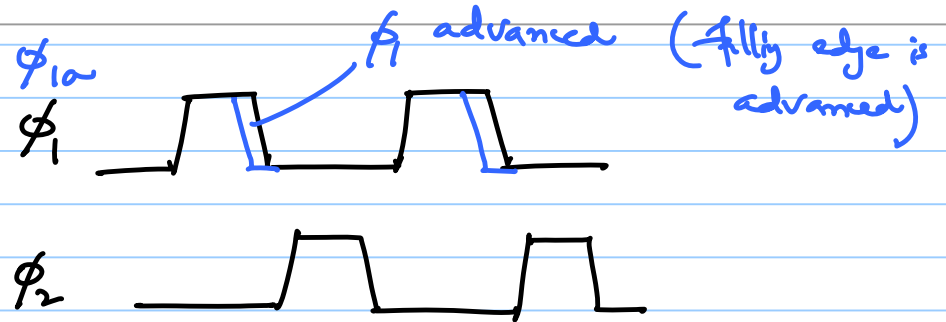
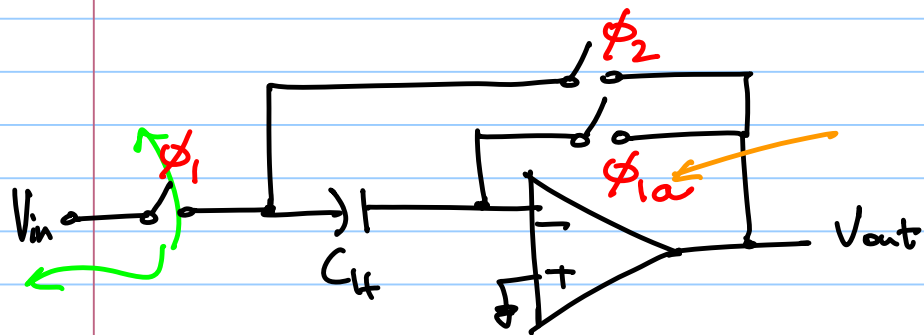


ECE 517 - Lecture 17

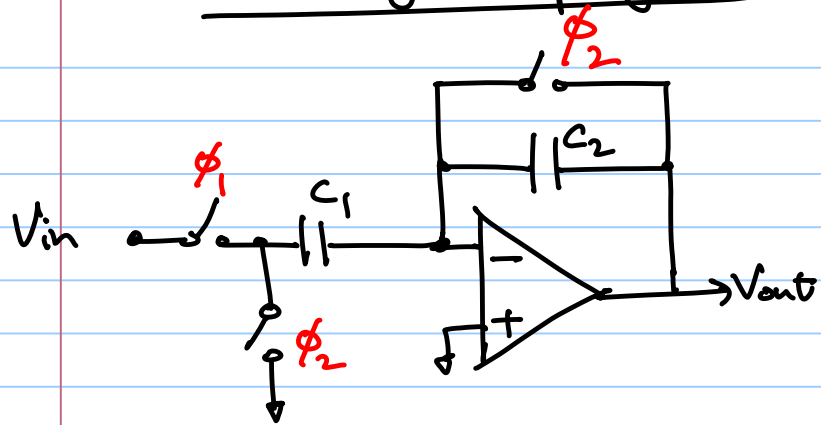
Note Title

3/21/2017

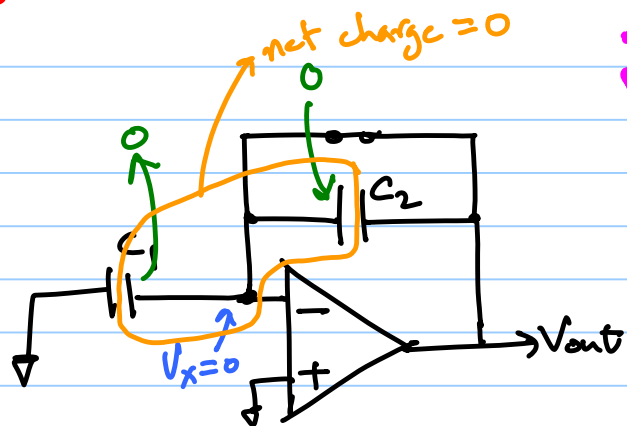


closed loop gain = 1

Inverting Amplifier:

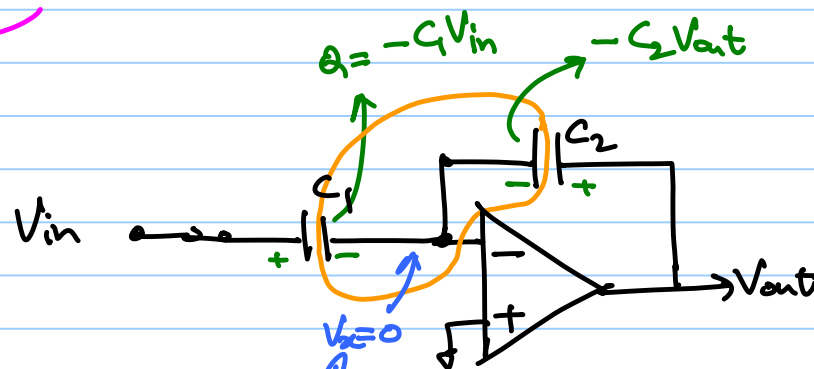


Φ_2 Reset

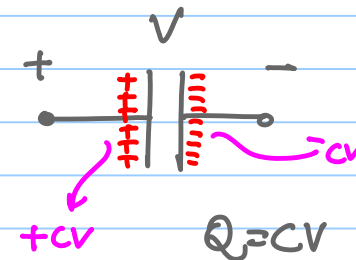


Charge is conserved on the orange surface

Φ_1 : Amplify



In steady-state in Φ_1



Net
Charge

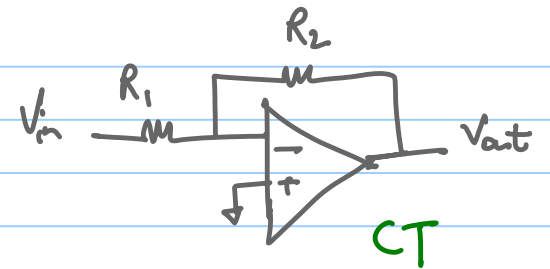
$$0 = -C_1 V_{in} - C_2 V_{out}$$

$\Rightarrow$

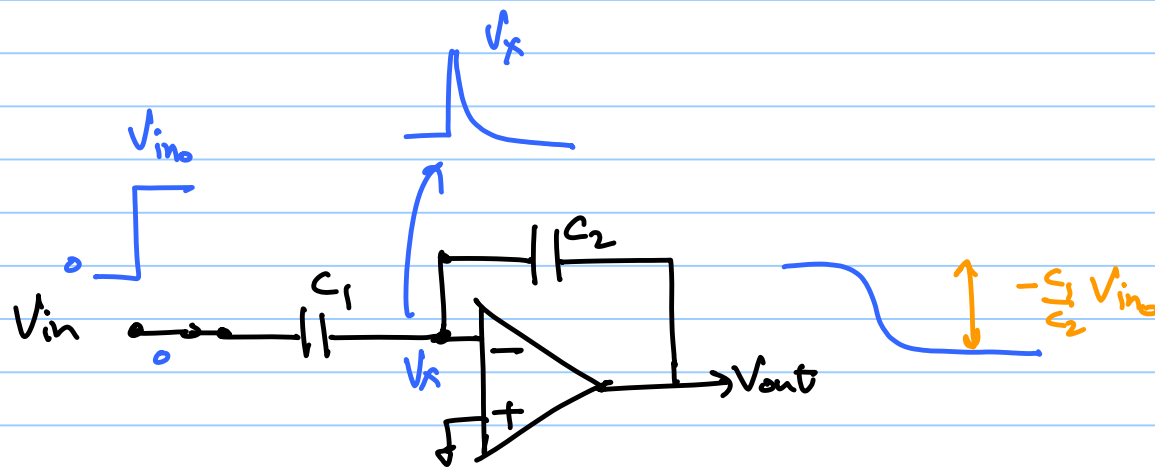
$$\frac{V_{out}}{V_{in}} = -\frac{C_1}{C_2}$$

$\frac{C_1}{C_2} = -2$, very precise ratio

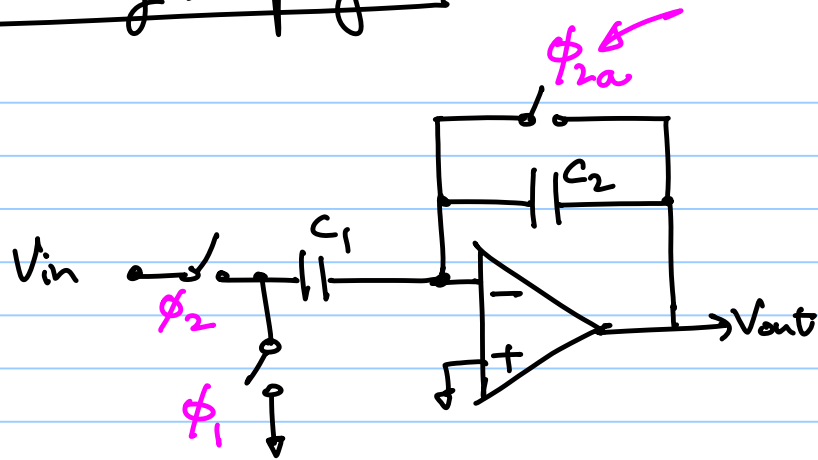
R, C varies $\pm 20\%$.

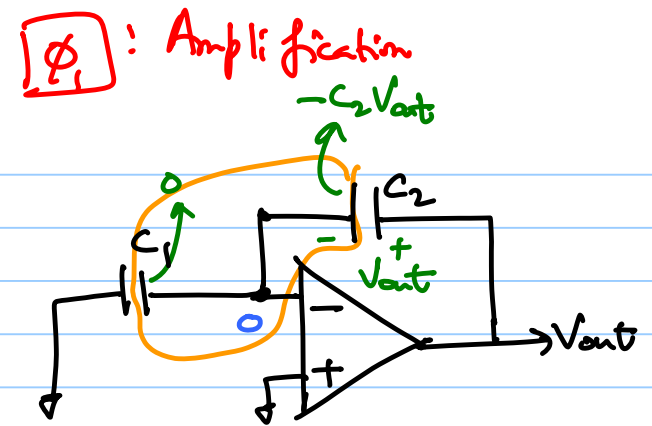
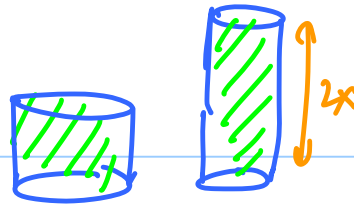
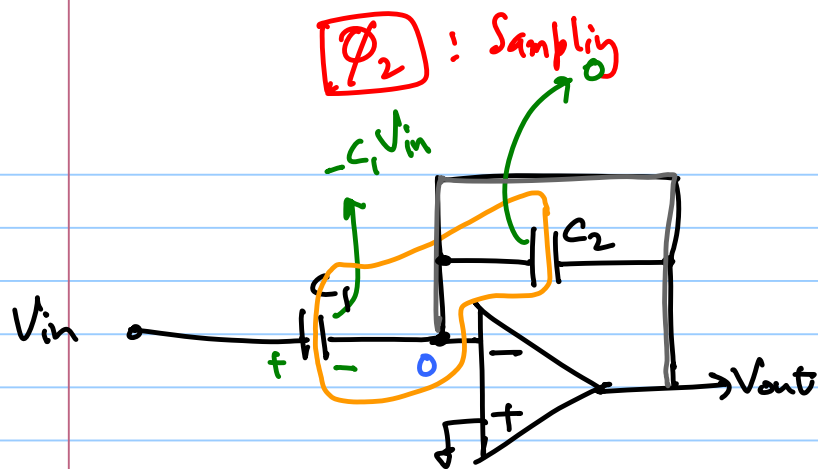


$-\frac{R_2}{R_1}$



Non-inverting amplifier:





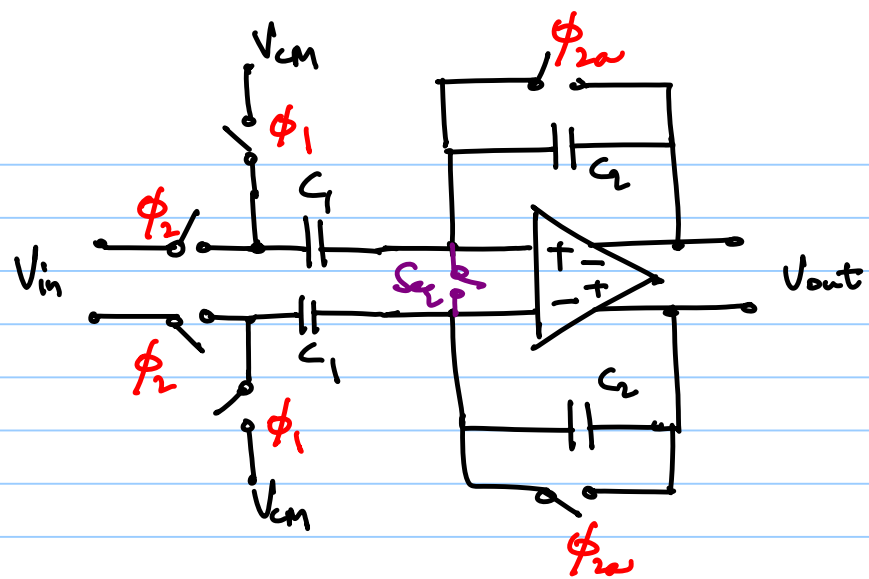
$$-C_1 V_{in} = -C_2 V_{out}$$

$$\boxed{\frac{V_{out}}{V_{in}} = + \frac{C_1}{C_2}}$$

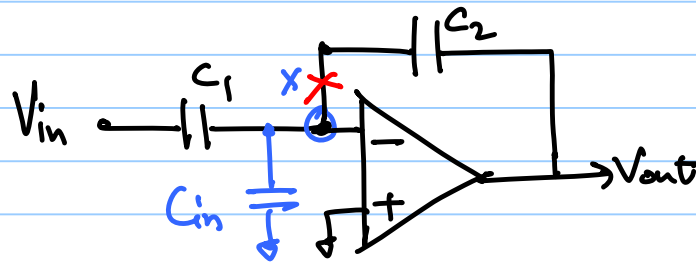
$$t = n T_s$$

$$-C_1 V_{in}[n - \frac{1}{2}] = -C_2 V_{out}[n]$$

$$\frac{V_{out}}{V_{in}} = + \frac{C_1}{C_2} z^{-\frac{1}{2}} \leftarrow \text{half clock cycle delay}$$



Inverting Amplifier



$$(V_{out} - V_x) s C_2 = V_x s C_{in} + (V_x - V_{in}) s C_1 \longrightarrow \textcircled{1}$$

$$V_{out} = -A_v V_x \longrightarrow \textcircled{2}$$

$$\frac{V_{out}}{V_{in}} = \frac{A}{1 + A\beta}$$

$A\beta$ = open loop gain

A = forward path gain

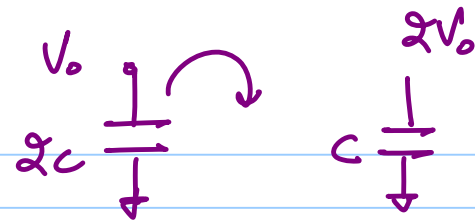
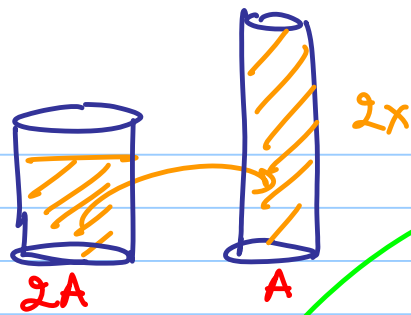
$\beta < 1$; feedback ratio

$$\beta = \frac{C_2}{C_2 + C_1 + C_{in}}$$

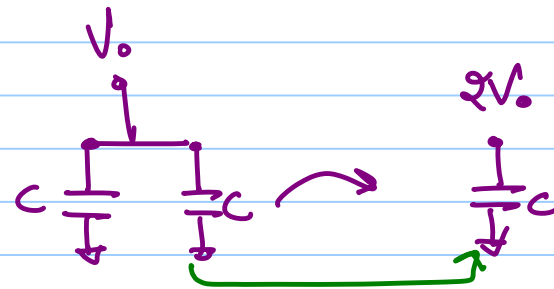
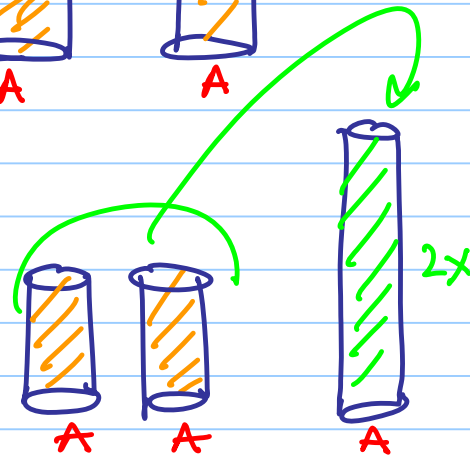
Razavi Book

$$\left| \frac{V_{out}}{V_{in}} \right| \approx \frac{C_1}{C_2} \left[1 - \frac{C_2 + C_1 + C_{in}}{C_2} \cdot \frac{1}{A_{v1}} \right]$$

High opamp gain $\uparrow$
 $C_{in} \downarrow$

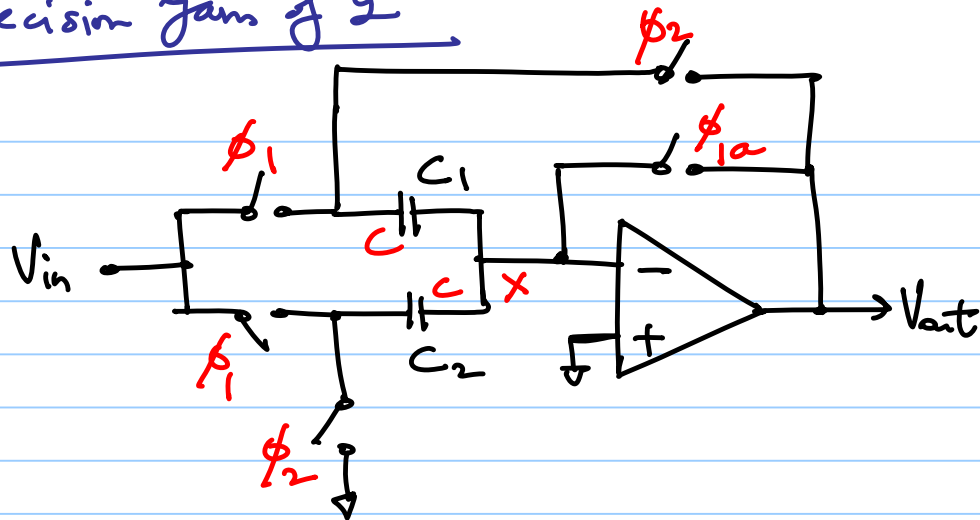


Total cap
 $3C$



Total Cap
 $2C$

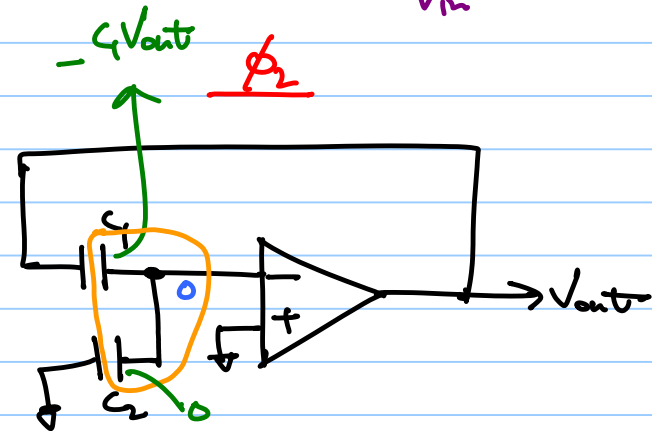
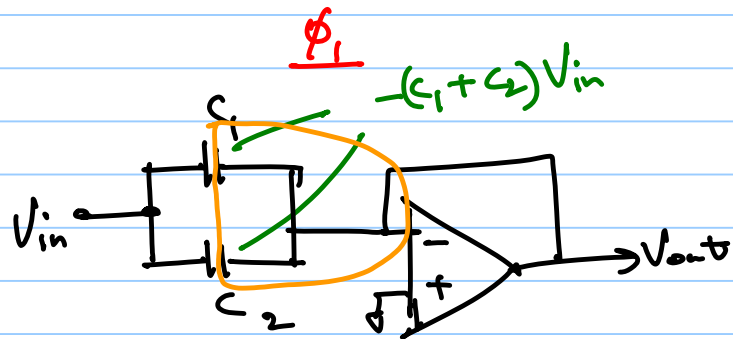
Precision Gain of 2



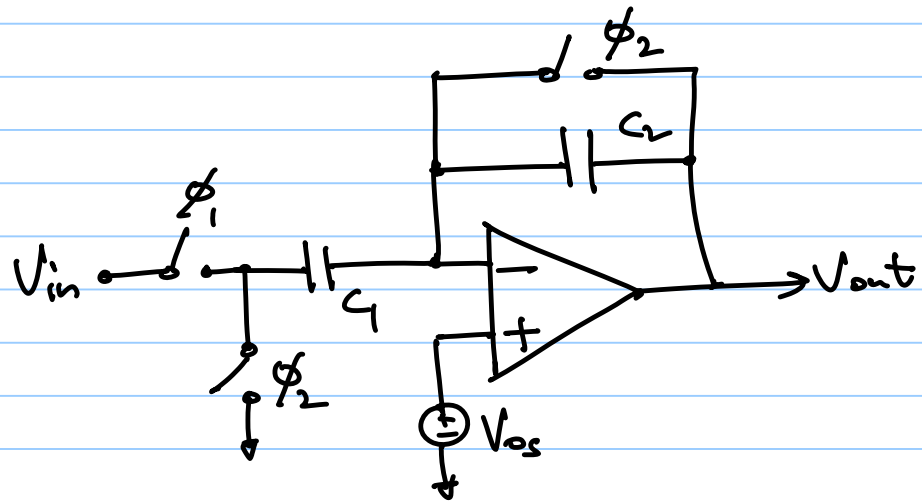
$$C_1 = C_2 = C$$

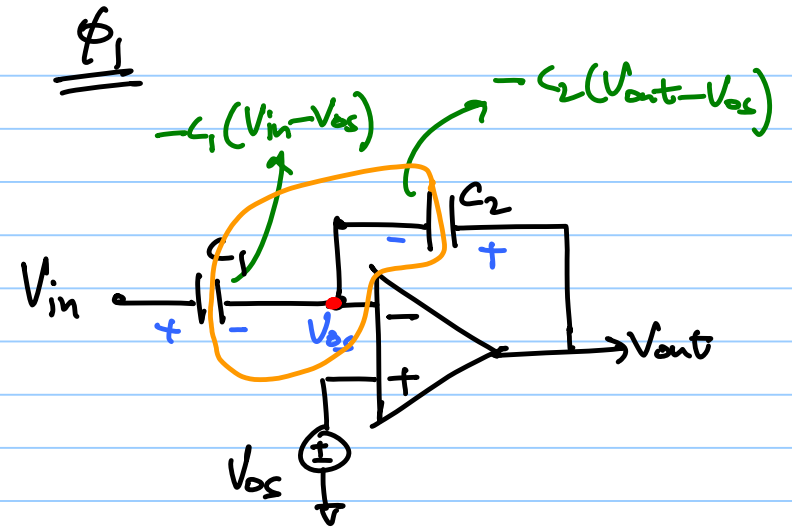
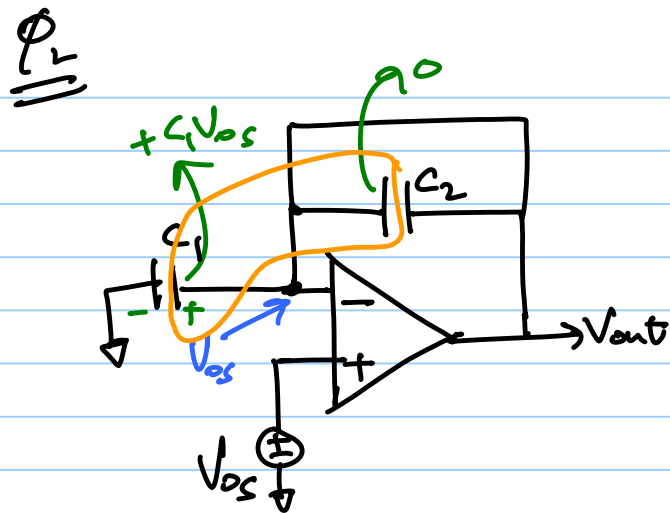
$$-(C_1 + C_2)V_{in} = -C_1 V_{out}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{V_{out}}{V_{in}} = 1 + \frac{C_2}{C_1} = 2 \quad \text{for } C_1 = C_2$$



Effect of offset:



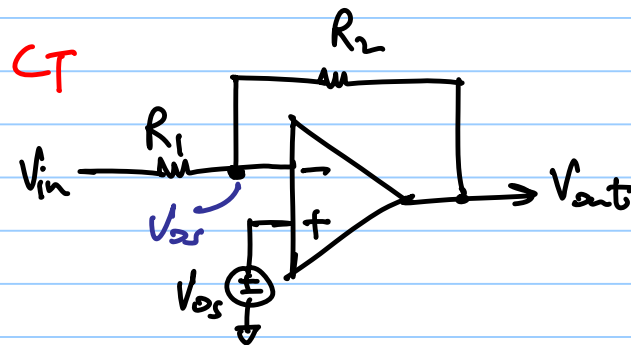


$$+C_1V_{os} = -C_1V_{in} + C_1V_{os} - C_2(V_{out} - V_{os})$$

$$V_{out} = -\frac{C_1}{C_2} \underline{\underline{V_{in}}} + \underline{\underline{V_{os}}}$$

inherent input
offset cancellation

$$-\frac{C_1}{C_2} (\cancel{V_{in}} - V_{os}) + V_{os}$$



$$V_{out} = V_{os} + (V_{in} - V_{os}) \frac{R_2}{R_1}$$

Thermal noise .

