

## ELEG 340: Solid-State Electronics, Fall 2008

### Homework #4 - due Tuesday, 7 October 2008, at the beginning of class

1. Charge carrier concentration practice. For each of these 4 examples of donor and acceptor dopings of (otherwise) pure silicon at  $T=300\text{ K}$ , find *both* the electron and hole densities for: (a)  $N_D = 1\text{E}17\text{ cm}^{-3}$ ; (b)  $N_A = 1\text{E}17\text{ cm}^{-3}$ ; (c)  $N_D = 2\text{E}17\text{ cm}^{-3}$  compensated with  $N_A = 1\text{E}17\text{ cm}^{-3}$ ; (d)  $N_D = 8\text{E}17\text{ cm}^{-3}$  compensated with  $N_A = 9\text{E}17\text{ cm}^{-3}$ . Show all your work. Hint: you may use  $n_i = 1\text{E}10\text{ cm}^{-3}$  or  $1.5\text{E}10\text{ cm}^{-3}$ . These are meant to be easy, but you have to think.
2. Problem 3.14 (b) only, p. 112 of Streetman-Banerjee, 6<sup>th</sup> edition. Hint: Sb is a *donor* in Ge, and use Figure 3.17 for the  $n_i$  of Ge. Since  $N_D \approx n_i$  use the charge neutrality Eqn. (3-28) with  $N_A = 0$ , and  $p_o = n_i^2/n_o$ . Solve the resulting quadratic equation for  $n_o$ .
3. Problem 3.15, p. 113 of Streetman-Banerjee, 6<sup>th</sup> edition. Hints: First find the electric field  $\mathcal{E}$  in each case. Use the more general equation (3-37) for the high field case, instead of (3-43) that is valid for low fields.
4. Problem 4.6, p. 149 of Streetman-Banerjee, 6<sup>th</sup> edition. Hints: use Eqns. (4-16) for the excess concentrations, and (4-15) for the quasi-Fermi levels. Similar to Example 4.4.

Homework assignments will appear on the web at:  
<http://www.ece.udel.edu/~kolodzey/courses/eleg340f08.html>

Note: On each homework and report submission, please give your name, the due date, assignment number and the course number.